





COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

PREPARED BY:

FINANCE DEPARTMENT MARGARET MOGGIA, CPA EXECUTIVE MANAGER OF FINANCE



17140 S. AVALON BLVD. | CARSON, CA 90746 | WESTBASIN.ORG





WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT

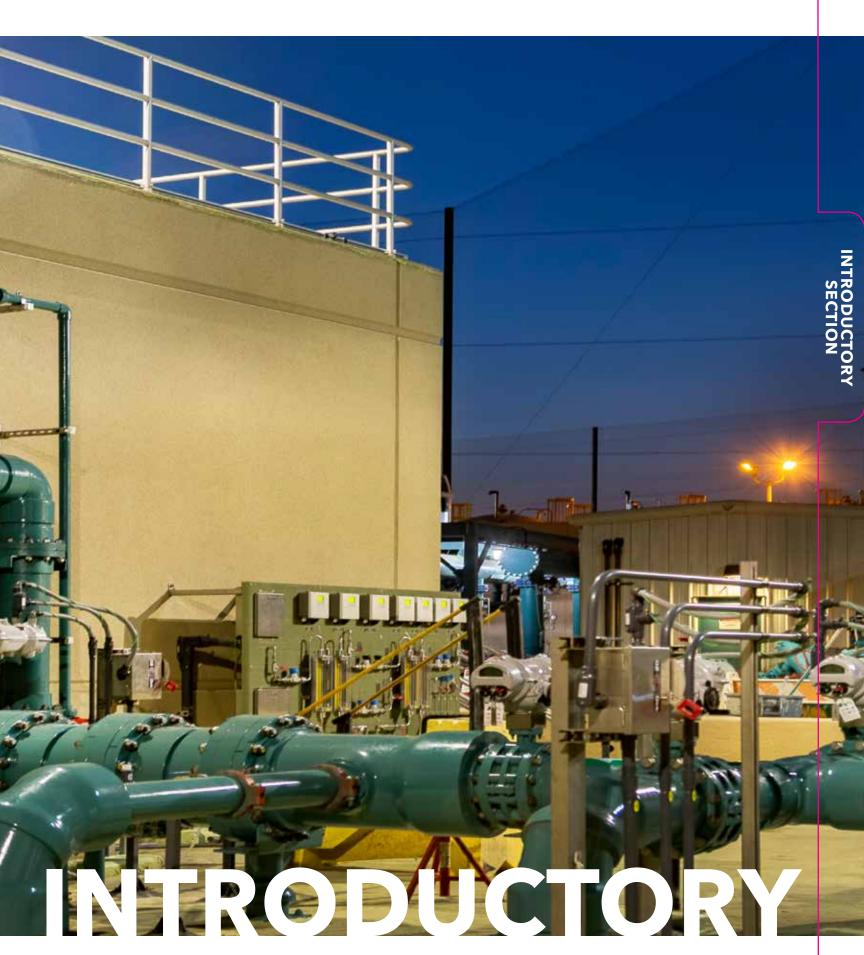
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

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FY2019 COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT









310-217-2411 www.westbasin.org

December 30, 2019

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND CUSTOMERS OF WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT:

West Basin Municipal Water District (West Basin) staff is pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year 2018-2019, which ended June 30, 2019.

The CAFR is intended to provide the Board of Directors, West Basin's customers, the public and interested parties with a broad financial outlook of West Basin. This report is also prepared for the purpose of meeting California law requiring special districts to submit an audited annual financial report to the State Controller within seven months after the end of the fiscal year. Since West Basin issued bonds to finance its operation, by debt covenants, West Basin must file a CAFR within 270 days after the end of each fiscal year to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board website.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to West Basin for its CAFR for the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2018. This was the 12th consecutive year that West Basin has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. West Basin believes that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

West Basin staff prepared this financial report in conjunction with the Independent Auditors' Report issued by Davis Farr LLP, a certified public accounting firm. Davis Farr has issued an unmodified (or "clean") opinion on West Basin's financial statements for the year ending on June 30, 2019. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report. Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statement. MD&A and the Notes to the Financial Statements complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of West Basin. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report to the best of our knowledge.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Scott Houston

President

Gloria D. Gray Vice President

Harold C. Williams *Treasurer*

Carol W. Kwan Secretary Donald L. Dear Immediate Past President

GENERAL MANAGER: Patrick Sheilds

ABOUT WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT



West Basin Municipal Water District (West Basin), an innovative and award-winning public agency, is a special district of the State of California that wholesales imported drinking water, produces recycled water and provides water-use efficiency and water education programs to approximately 885,000 residents within a 185-square mile service area. Located in the heart of Southern California's coastal plain, it has a Mediterranean climate, characterized by warm, dry summers and cool winters with moderate precipitations.

West Basin is governed by a board of five directors who are elected by the public in alternating four-year terms. West Basin is a member agency of the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California (MWD), a cooperative of twenty-six member agencies including cities and water agencies. West Basin sells the imported water it purchases from MWD to cities, water agencies and private water companies in coastal Los Angeles County.

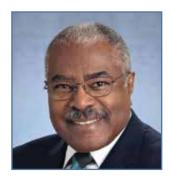
Recycled water is the cornerstone of West Basin's efforts to increase water reliability by augmenting local supplies. The District's award-winning Edward C. Little Water Recycling Facility in El Segundo, Calif. and its satellites are the only facility network in the world that produces five types of customertailored, fit-for-purpose recycled water. The system produces quality water for: irrigation; industrial cooling towers; high and low pressure boiler feeds;

and seawater intrusion barrier a groundwater replenishment purposes. West Basin provides recycled water to more than 400 industrial, commercial and public facilities in the service area via a 100 plus miles dedicated purple pipe distribution system.

In August 2017, West Basin's Board of Directors approved an updated Strategic Business Plan. In March 2019, West Basin updated its Water Reliability Program to reflect current goals through a reinvigorated Water for Tomorrow Program. Water for Tomorrow brings new emphasis to West Basin's commitment to protecting, securing and diversifying its water supply while continuing its history of innovation and industry leadership. This includes reducing dependence on and increasing the reliability of our imported water supply, expanding conservation efforts, maximizing water recycling and evaluating ocean water desalination as a local, drought-resilient resource.

West Basin continues to invest in staff, operations and programs to maintain high standards within our workforce and reach out to the community through conservation programs, education, community partnerships, small and local business opportunities and other programs focused on providing value to our service area.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



HAROLD C. WILLIAMS TREASURER

Division I: Cities of Carson, Palos Verdes Estates, Rancho Palos Verdes, Rolling Hills Estates, Rolling Hills and unincorporated Los Angeles County areas of Rancho Dominguez



CAROL W. KWAN SECRETARY

Division III: Cities of Hermosa Beach, Lomita, Manhattan Beach, Redondo Beach, and a portion of Torrance



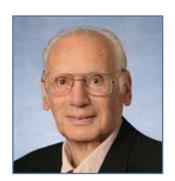
GLORIA D. GRAY VICE PRESIDENT

Division II: City of Inglewood, and unincorporated Los Angeles County areas of South Ladera Heights, Lennox, Athens, and Westmont



SCOTT HOUSTON **PRESIDENT**

Division IV: Cities of Culver City, El Segundo, Malibu, and West Hollywood, and unincorporated Los Angeles County areas of Lennox, North Ladera Heights, Del Aire, Marina del Rey, Topanga, View Park, Wiseburn and Windsor Hills



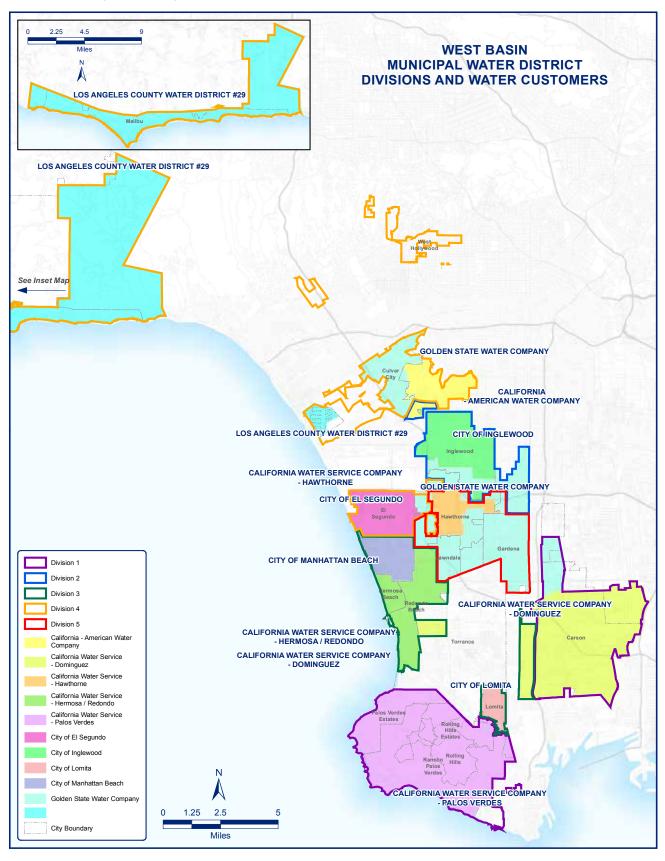
DONALD L. DEAR PAST PRESIDENT

Division V: Cities of Gardena, Hawthorne, Lawndale and the unincorporated Los Angeles County area of El Camino Village

SERVICE AREA

DIVISION BOUNDARIES

West Basin Municipal Water District serves a diverse population in 17 cities and parts of unincorporated coastal Los Angeles County.



DISTRICT STATISTICS

Formed

December 17, 1947

Estimated Population

Area Served

185 square miles

Water Portfolio

Potable, Recycled & Desalted

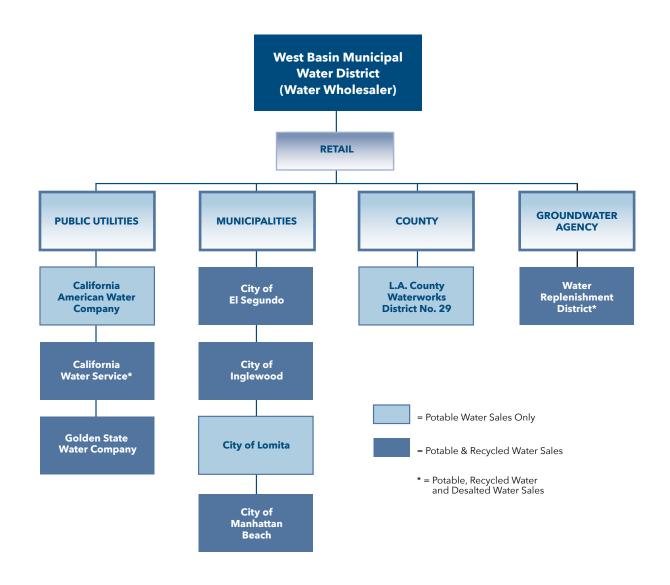
Average Residential Parcel Size

Lowest Median Income

14,685 - Westmont

Highest Median Income

Over \$250,000 - Manhattan Beach/
Palos Verdes Peninsula



HISTORY

As early as 1918, the levels in local groundwater basins were dropping so low that salt water from the ocean was seeping in and contaminating groundwater. Lawns in coastal Los Angeles were dying from salty water, and well water was so salty it was often undrinkable. In the 1940s, studies showed that

the local groundwater aquifer was being depleted at a much faster rate than it was being recharged or refilled. Each year, the aguifer was being over drafted by millions of gallons - more water was taken out than was put back in.

At that time, one solution was to supply the region with imported water through MWD. In 1947, West Basin was formed by a vote of the people to serve as a wholesale agency to distribute water throughout its service area. In 1948, West Basin became a member agency of MWD, an agency that imported water from the Colorado River, and later would also import water from Northern California. For several decades since that time, West Basin served its customer agencies and communities solely as a wholesaler of imported water.

As a result of the extreme drought of the late 1980s and early 1990s, West Basin leaders decided to diversify the agency's water portfolio to include conservation and water reuse to provide a more reliable supply of water for future generations. Early efforts included building the world's only water recycling facilities that would convert treated sewer water into five different types of high-quality recycled water for irrigation, industrial cooling towers, high and low pressure boiler feeds and seawater intrusion barrier and groundwater replenishment.

The benefits generated by the water recycling program include more affordable water rates for customers, a reliable, locally-controlled supply of recycled water, reduced energy use by importing less water from hundreds of miles away, reduced partially treated sewage discharged to the Santa Monica Bay, and development of a sustainable water resource. The drought of the early 1990s also increased awareness about water conservation and resulted in West Basin's addition of conservation as a new water supply alternative. West Basin currently offers free programs for residents and businesses to reduce their consumption of water and maximize water use efficiency indoors and outdoors.

Today, West Basin is an international water industry leader, hosting visitors from around the globe. West Basin is focused on providing value to its customers and delivering water reliability for the region through a diverse supply of water that includes imported, recycled, desalted and conserved water. All West Basin departments contribute to the agency meeting the goals and objectives of the Board of Director's Strategic Business Plan.



The Edward C. Little Water Recycling Facility has produced more than 200 billion gallons of recycled water.



The Edward C. Little Water Recycling Facility Water Education Center.



West Basin hosts various events throughout the year, including an annual Water Harvest festival for the community.

MAJOR ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Highlighted below are major accomplishments during fiscal year 2019:

SOUND FINANCIAL & RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

- Monitored the District's budget versus actual reports and provide quarterly updates to the Board on the District's ability to achieve targeted debt coverage of 1.75.
- Commenced a comprehensive classification and compensation study to evaluate the body of
 work performed by employees; review/update/create class specifications; evaluate West Basin's
 labor market competitiveness, and recommend classification and compensation program policies,
 processes, and procedures.
- Implemented a new fixed water service charge that will be phased in over a three-year period.

ENVIRONMENTAL STEWARDSHIP

- Considered sustainable, eco-friendly promotional items for distribution at community and District
 events.
- Completed a Draft Environmental Impact Report (EIR) as well as supporting documents as part of California's Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) to quantify all impacts associated with the construction and operation of an ocean water desalination facility and the auxiliary facilities.

WATER QUALITY

- Assisted in the development of statewide water use efficiency regulations that acknowledge the regional investments in recycled water under the Water Resources Development Act (WRDA).
- Provided support to obtain Department of Public Health (DPH) approval, and site inspections for 18
 recycled water site modifications.
- No violations of water quality standard for recycled water.

CUSTOMER SERVICE

- Successfully completed five (5) free Rain Barrel Distribution Events 2,000 rain barrels were given away.
- Implemented five (5) Grass Replacement Classes.
- Launched the new Malibu Smart & Topanga Smart Water Efficiency Program.
- Launched new Water for Tomorrow Program on World Water day, March 22, 2019. This program
 includes communication and outreach strategies to amplify District programs and goals.
- Served more than 3,000 students in grades three through 12 with free water education programs.
- Offered free, public water education programs including: a speakers bureau; a revised Lunch and Learn series held at the Donald L. Dear headquarters; and operation of the Water Education Center (WEC) in Redondo Beach, California.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM

As required by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for enterprise funds, accounts are maintained and financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. West Basin's Finance department is responsible for the overall accounting and finance functions, which include cash management, treasury and debt management, accumulation and processing of accounting information, financial reporting, and contracts administration.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

West Basin's management is responsible for the establishment and maintenance of internal accounting controls that ensure assets are safeguarded and financial transactions are properly recorded and adequately documented. To ensure that the costs of controls do not exceed the benefits obtained, management uses cost estimates and judgments to attain reasonable assurance as to the adequacy of such controls. Recent audits have not uncovered any weakness in internal control that would cause concern when Recommendation for Improvements is made.

BUDGET PROCESS AND CONTROLS

Public agencies develop budgets as a performance tool to measure accountability to its stakeholders. For West Basin, the budget is developed based on meeting the priorities, goals and objectives established by the Board of Directors through its Strategic Business Plan (Plan), which was developed through a series of interviews with the Board of Directors, management, and key staff in addition to interviews with key stakeholders. The Plan provides direction for planning, budgeting, implementation, evaluation and reporting. The Plan is a "living" document in that it does not have a termination date, but it is constantly changing and evolving as the needs of West Basin change and evolve.

The budget is also used as a communication tool. Interested parties, such as bond holders, credit rating agencies, and its customers can review the budget to obtain a wide variety of information on West Basin's short- and long-term strategic planning and financial policies, as well as the current and future fiscal stability. For West Basin, the budget

further demonstrates West Basin's commitment to fiscal responsibility and transparency of its operations. The budget shows how the agency will invest its revenues derived from user fees and fixed revenue sources to support its mission and programs.

The General Manager communicates the goals and the current year budget objectives to staff to ensure the budget includes the financial requirements necessary to achieve these goals and objectives. To ensure completion, the goals are also incorporated into each individual employee's performance goals. Furthermore, the high-level goals are also included in the monthly board memos to reflect the commitment to meet the Board's directives.

West Basin is not required to adopt a budget and therefore does not appropriate funds. However, as a good business practice, West Basin does prepare, adopt, monitor, and report budgeted information.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

To maintain its financial strength, West Basin developed a Long-Range Financial Model. The model uses the current fiscal year budget, incorporates multiple year revenue and expense assumptions used to address anticipated operating and capital expenditures, and result in a dynamic financial model for West Basin. The capital recycled water expenditures are based on the Capital Improvement Program and estimates for the Ocean-water Desalination program costs. In addition, the model provides the basis for certain criteria to be incorporated into financial policy development, such as debt management, swap and designated fund levels. West Basin continues to monitor its assumptions to actual to ensure it remains a financially healthy organization.

CREDIT RATING AND DEBT COVERAGE

In March 2019, Moody's reaffirmed West Basin bonds as Aa2, while and Standards & Poor's reaffirmed West Basin bonds as AA- in September 2016. In order to maintain these ratings, West Basin has internally set budgeted debt coverage goals, updated financial policies and updated rates as appropriate. West Basin's Board of Directors has approved a number of financial policies to effectively manage the agency. A copy of these policies can be found on West Basin's website at www.westbasin.org. Other non-financial policies are maintained by West Basin through its Administrative Code and are reviewed periodically to ensure compliance with legal statutes. These efforts lend to a solid management focus on fiscal policies and metrics and have assisted West Basin to receive strong credit ratings and allow West Basin to obtain low-cost financing for its capital projects. Please refer to Table 17 of the Statistical Section for the 10-year historical information on West Basin's debt coverage.

DESIGNATED FUNDS

West Basin maintains two major types of funds, either restricted or unrestricted. Restricted funds consist of custodial accounts and bond reserves that are subject to the conditions of the respective bond financing documents. The unrestricted reserves are then designated by the Board of Directors and are reviewed annually as further described in the board-approved policy.

Designated Funds are a strong indicator of an agency's financial health. West Basin's Designated Funds Policy is sometimes referred to as a Reserve Policy and was designed to ensure West Basin has adequate funds to protect its financial health and the furtherance of West Basin's mission.

The policy does not specifically state a target amount but staff has established an internal target approach in its Long-Range Financial Plan to fund West Basin's Designated Funds. The policy allows for the fluidity of a target and will change each year based on the anticipated expenditures. The target amounts are based on West Basin's experience, the current operating budget and capital improvement program. The sum of all the core components provide an overall target amount that serves as a trigger for the Board of Directors to consider options when funding levels fall near or below the overall target.

Respectfully,

Patrick Sheilds General Manager

SOURCE OF REVENUE

West Basin primarily receives its source of revenue from imported and recycled water sales. Imported water sales and charges totaled \$162 million for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, while recycled water sales amounted to \$47 million for the same period. More detailed information regarding West Basin's revenues is presented in the statistical section Table 6: Payors-Potable Water Sales and Table 7: Payors-Recycled Water Sales.

WATER RATES

West Basin establishes rates and charges annually through a resolution by the Board of Directors. The statistical section provides more detailed information about the rates under Table 11: Average Water Rates Per Acre-Foot (Last 10 Fiscal Years) and Table 12: Imported Water Rates.

WEST BASIN STAFF SERVICES

West Basin currently employs 45 full-time employees, 26 of whom work in the operations, planning, communications and engineering departments and 19 work in accounting or administration.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We would like to thank the members of the Board of Directors for their continued support in the completion of this document and the implementation of projects throughout the year and recognize members of the finance staff who contributed to this report.

Margaret Moggia

Executive Manager of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

West Basin Municipal Water District California

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

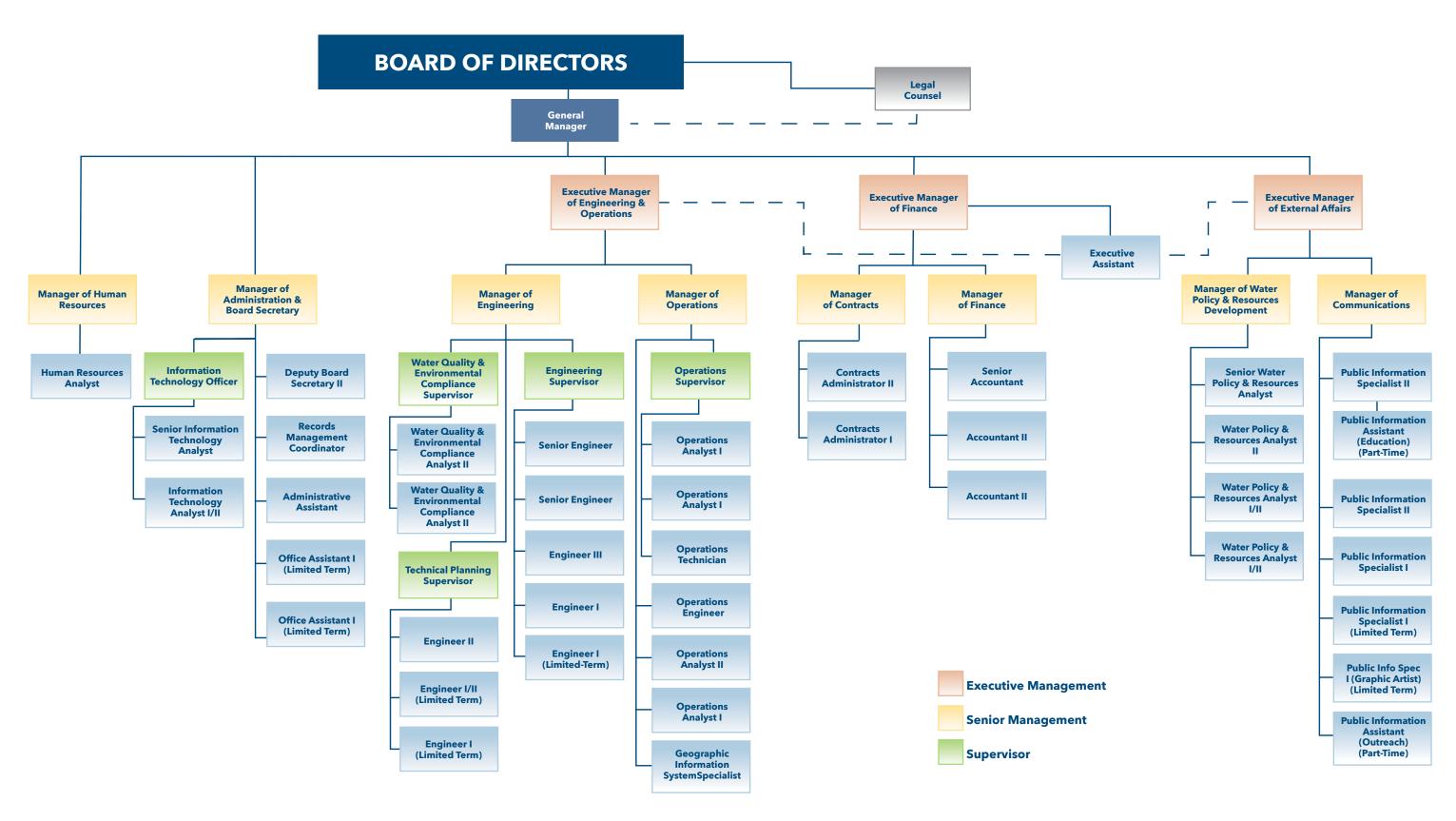
June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

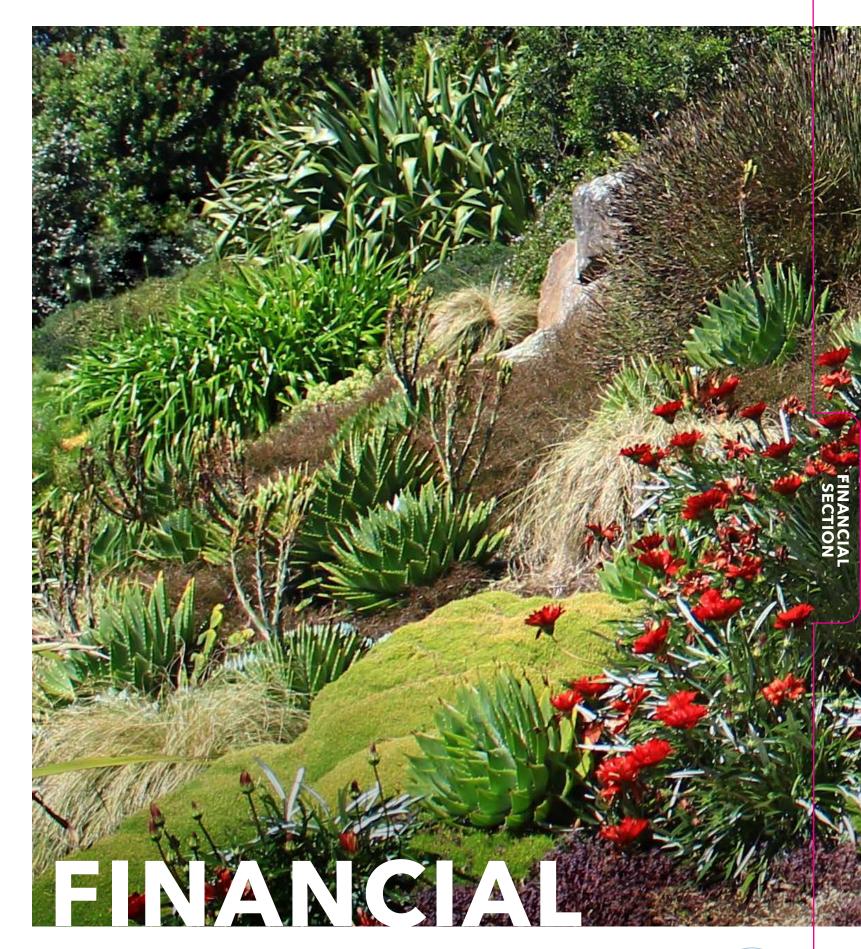
WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

THE ORGANIZATIONAL CHART SHOWS THE FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME BUDGETED POSITIONS FOR FY 2018-19.

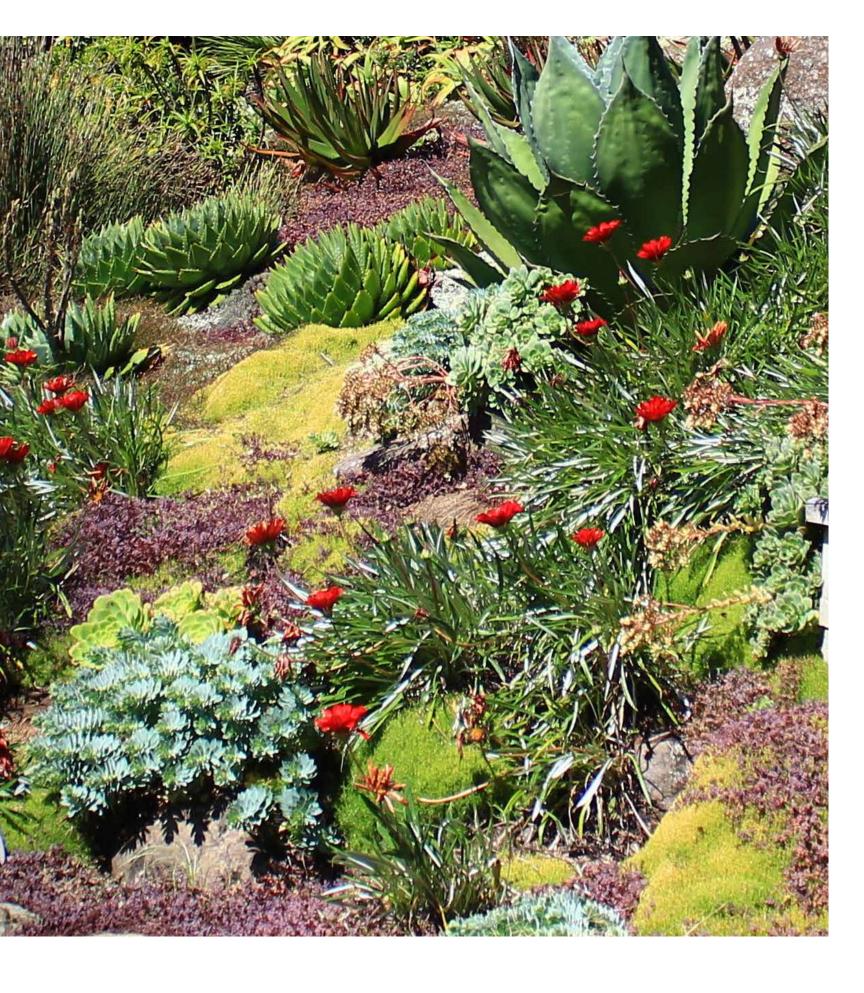


Updated 6/17/2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



2301 Dupont Drive | Suite 200 | Irvine, CA 92612 Main: 949.474.2020 | Fax: 949.263.5520

Board of Directors West Basin Municipal Water District Carson, California

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the West Basin Municipal Water District ("West Basin"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise West Basin's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of West Basin, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited West Basin's 2018 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated November 26, 2018. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, pension required supplementary schedules and other post-employment benefit required supplementary schedules be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise West Basin's basic financial statements. The introductory section and the statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The introductory section and the statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

The introductory section and the statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2019 on our consideration of West Basin's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering West Basin's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Irvine, California

December 9, 2019

Duris Famuel

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of activities and financial performance of the West Basin Municipal Water District (or "West Basin") provides an introduction to the financial statement of West Basin for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter in the introductory section, the basic financial statements and related notes which follow this section.

MAJOR FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

- West Basin implemented Government Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) at the end of fiscal year 2018. As of June 30, 2019, West Basin's Net Pension Liability for the OPEB program is \$503,715.
- West Basin implemented Government Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 at the
 end of fiscal year 2015 for both their Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and Public Agency
 Retirement Services (PARS) programs. As of June 30, 2019, West Basin's Net Pension Liability for PERS
 program is \$647,679 and West Basin's Net Pension Asset for the PARS program is \$376,365.
- In fiscal year 2019, West Basin's potable water and monitoring revenue is \$162,280,132 and the potable water and monitoring expense is \$132,386,651. It resulted in net revenue of \$29,893,481.
- West Basin's water recycling revenue decreased from \$49,444,484 in fiscal year 2018 to \$46,518,136 in fiscal year 2019. The decrease was mainly due to the major repair work performed by LA County that interrupted sales to the barrier. At the same time, Water recycling costs increased from \$34,828,243 in fiscal year 2018 to \$37,575,664 in fiscal year 2019 due to repairs for the aging facilities. Overall, the water recycling program resulted in net operating revenue of \$8,942,472 for West Basin.
- On October 27, 2016, pursuant to GASB 53, West Basin terminated hedge accounting and the balance of the deferral account was cleared on the termination date. The change in fair value of the swaps from the refunding date is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position as investment revenue or loss. On June 30, 2019, the change in fair value during the fiscal year resulted in a loss of \$96,041.
- In fiscal year 2019, a total of \$9,799,394 in capital assets that were no longer in service were disposed (see Note 5 to Notes to Financial Statements) and the Loss on disposition of assets in the amount of \$139,702 was recorded.
- Capital Contribution decreased from \$5,908,694 in fiscal year 2018 to \$4,907,582 in fiscal year 2019.
 This is due to a contract expiring and no major capital grants received for the fiscal year.
- Costs for district wide studies and cancelled construction project costs are being recorded into Project planning. The total cost for fiscal year 2019 is \$1,342,791.
- Investment income increased from \$848,486 in fiscal year 2018 to \$1,819,464 in fiscal year 2019 due to the active management of the portfolio and increases in the duration of the investment's portfolio. The combination of the two result in total return of investment increasing from 0.8% in fiscal year 2018 to 3.8% in fiscal year 2019.
- West Basin has a positive Change in Net Position of \$14,260,833 in fiscal year 2019.

REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and Statement of Cash Flows provide information about the activities and performance of West Basin using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies.

The Statement of Net Position includes all of West Basin's Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources with the difference between the four reported as Net Position. Net Position is displayed in the following categories: Net Investment in Capital Assets and Unrestricted Net Position. This statement provides the basis for evaluating the capital structure of West Basin and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of West Basin.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position present information that shows the results of West Basin financial performance during the year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in this statement. The Statement measures the success of West Basin's operations over the past year and determines whether West Basin has recovered its costs through user fees and other charges.

The Statement of Cash Flows provides information regarding West Basin's cash receipts, cash disbursements and net changes in cash resulting from operating, non-capital financing, capital financing and investing activities. This statement provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from what was cash used for, and what was the change in cash balance during the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements as well as a description of the accounting policies used to prepare the financial statements. It also presents material disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles that are not otherwise present in the financial statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found on pages 26 through 54.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The required supplementary information provides additional information for West Basin's PARS, PERS and OPEB programs. It can be found on pages 55 through 60.

1 WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	2019	2018	Change
Assets			
Current unrestricted assets	\$ 96,623,790	\$ 110,821,672	(\$14,197,882)
Current restricted assets	4,652,865	4,594,733	58,132
Capital asset, net	473,877,490	459,241,772	14,635,718
Other assets	2,493,273	2,645,679	(152,406)
Total Assets	577,647,418	577,303,856	343,562
Deferred Outflows Of Resources	15,447,367	16,885,453	(1,438,086)
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	50,067,287	51,027,080	(959,793)
Long term liabilities	257,272,797	271,279,188	(14,006,391)
Total Liabilities	307,340,084	322,306,268	(14,966,184)
Deferred Inflows Of Resources	1,063,598	1,452,771	(389,173)
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	224,355,642	197,595,039	26,760,603
Unrestricted	60,335,461	72,835,231	(12,499,770)
Total Net Position	\$ 284,691,103	\$ 270,430,270	\$ 14,260,833

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Net Position measures West Basin's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in West Basin's net position are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, one will need to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, change in population, new or changed government legislation, etc. The Condensed Statement of Net Position shows that Assets and Deferred Outflows of West Basin exceeded liabilities and Deferred Inflows by \$284,691,103 and \$270,430,270 as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

A large portion of West Basin's net position (\$224,355,642 and \$197,595,039 as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively) reflects the West Basin's net investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) less any related debts used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. West Basin uses these capital assets to provide services to customers; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

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2 WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Condensed Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	2019	2018	<u>Change</u>
Operating Revenue			
Operating revenues			
Water and monitoring	\$ 162,280,132	\$ 155,311,898	\$ 6,968,234
Water recycling revenue	46,518,136	49,444,484	(2,926,348)
Water conservation	66,306	91,145	(24,839)
Desalting revenue	267,873	75,665	192,208
Total operating revenues	209,132,447	204,923,192	4,209,255
Non-Operating revenues			
Standby charges	10,029,508	10,038,300	(8,792)
Investment Income	1,819,464	848,486	970,978
Other non-operating revenues	965,621	1,285,530	(319,909)
Total non-operating revenues	12,814,593	12,172,316	642,277
Total revenue	221,947,040	217,095,508	4,851,532
Expenses			
Operating expenses			
Source of supply and monitoring	132,386,651	125,744,684	6,641,967
Water recycling costs	37,575,664	34,828,243	2,747,421
Depreciation	23,645,635	25,187,784	(1,542,149)
Public information and education	2,988,152	3,201,324	(213,172)
Water policy and conservation	2,784,598	3,256,891	(472,293)
Project planning	1,342,791	652,512	690,279
Desalting operations	774,520	475,068	299,452
Total operating expenses	201,498,011	193,346,506	8,151,505
Non-Operating expenses			
Other non-operating expenses	96,041	0	96,041
Loss on disposition of assets	139,702	3,988,383	(3,848,681)
Interest expense	10,860,035	11,418,266	(558,231)
Total non-operating expenses	11,095,778	15,406,649	(4,310,871)
Total expenses	212,593,789	208,753,155	3,840,634
Net Income (loss) before capital contributions	9,353,251	8,342,353	1,010,898
Capital Contributions	4,907,582	5,908,694	(1,001,112)
Change in Net Position	14,260,833	14,251,047	9,786
Net position - Beginning of year	270,430,270	256,179,223	14,251,047
Net position - End of year	\$ 284,691,103	\$ 270,430,270	\$ 14,260,833

2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONT.)

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position shows how West Basin's net position changed during the fiscal year. Net position increased by \$14,260,833 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

A closer examination of the sources of changes in net position reveals that:

- In 2019, West Basin's Total Operating Revenue increased by \$4,209,255 from the prior year. The increase of \$6,968,234 from Water and Monitoring is the result of the increase in the potable water rates in fiscal year 2019. The increase of \$192,208 from Desalting revenue is the result of increases in the water rate and increase in sales in acre feet. Water recycling revenue decreased by \$2,926,348 because the sales decreased from 37,060 acre feet in fiscal year 2018 to 33,192 acre feet in fiscal year 2019.
- In 2019, West Basin's Total Non-Operating Revenue increased by \$642,277. Investment Income increased by \$970,978 due to the active management of the portfolio and the increases in the duration of the investment portfolio. The combination of the two results in total return of investment increasing from 0.8% in fiscal year 2018 to 3.8% in fiscal year 2019.
- In 2019, West Basin's Total Operating Expenses increased by \$8,151,505. This was primarily due to the increase in potable water rates from Metropolitan Water District (MWD) and the increase in the repair costs of the aging recycling water facilities.
- In 2019, West Basin's Total Non-Operating Expenses decreased by \$4,310,871. This was primarily due to the reduction of the Loss on disposition of assets from \$3,988,383 to \$139,702 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019. Please see Notes #5 for additional details about the disposal of the assets.
- Overall, Net Income (loss) Before Capital Contributions shows a positive result of \$9,353,251 for fiscal year 2019.
- The Capital Contributions include the fixed payments from major recycled water customers and from other governmental agencies. In 2019, one of the existing customer contracts expired, West Basin also did not receive any capital grants from other agencies; therefore the total contributions decreased from \$5,908,694 in 2018 to \$4,907,582 in 2019.

3 WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT CAPITAL ASSETS

On June 30, 2019, West Basin Investment in Capital Assets totaled \$750,166,049. Capital Assets include land, discharge capacity rights, water facilities, potable distribution system, education center, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment and construction in progress. The following is a summary of Capital Assets:

	2019	2018	Change
Land	\$ 25,211,646	\$ 25,211,646	\$ 0
Discharge Capacity	621,189	621,189	0
Water Facilities	583,392,155	577,578,463	5,813,692
Building and Improvements	4,676,307	4,070,060	606,247
Potable Distribution System	1,241,681	1,241,681	0
Education Center	0	548,067	(548,067)
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	2,430,833	2,488,739	(57,906)
Construction in Progress	132,592,238	109,784,543	22,807,695
Total Capital Assets	\$ 750,166,049	\$ 721,544,388	28,621,661

West Basin continues its internal review of the capital asset accounts at year-end. Capital assets that were either no longer in service or disposed of in the current year were disposed at the year-end. In 2019, the capital asset additions totaled to \$15,613,360 and the capital asset deletions totaled to \$9,799,394, Construction in Progress increased by \$22,807,695. This resulted in a total increase in capital assets of \$28,621,661.

West Basin is building a new Education Center in fiscal year 2019; the old Education Center was disposed.

Additional information regarding capital assets can be found in Note 5 in Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

4 WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of the Long-Term Liabilities for the years 2019 and 2018:

	2019	2018	Change
Compensated Absences	\$ 1,187,123	\$ 1,393,953	\$ (206,830)
Refunding Certificates of Participation	0	3,972,589	(3,972,589)
Refunding Revenue Bonds	265,972,468	275,327,812	(9,355,344)
Net Pension Liability	647,679	745,354	(97,675)
Net OPEB Liability	503,715	298,976	204,739
Interest Rate Swaps	1,323,882	1,227,841	96,041
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$ 269,634,867	\$ 282,966,525	\$ (13,331,658)

As of June 30, 2019, West Basin had \$269,634,867 in Total Long-Term Liabilities, including compensated absences, long term debts, net pension liability, net OPEB liability and interest rate swaps. Note 6 in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements disclose the detail of all Long-Term debt.

West Basin had one refunding revenue certificates of participation (2008B). In 2008, the revenue certificates of participation were issued in the amount of \$128,665,500. In 2016, the certificates were partially refunded by the 2016A Refunding Revenue Bond. The total outstanding balance of the 2008B certificates as of June 30, 2018 was \$3,960,000 and was paid off in August, 2018.

West Basin has four separate refunding revenue bonds (series 2011A, series 2011B, series 2012A and series 2016A). The total outstanding balance for the four bonds is \$265,972,468 as of June 30, 2019.

West Basin's net pension liability is \$647,679 for this year. The Net Pension Liability shown on the Financial Statement is only for West Basin's PERS program. West Basin's PARS program shows a Net Pension Asset of \$376,365, a slight increase from \$286,597 in 2018. Please see Note 9 in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements for details.

West Basin's OPEB liability is \$503,715 for fiscal year 2019.

West Basin has two outstanding swaps at the end of the fiscal year with the total notional amount of \$16 million. Due to the issuance of 2016A Refunding Revenue Bonds on October 27, 2016, these two swaps are no longer associated with 2010A Adjustable Rate Revenue Certificate of Participation. West Basin terminated hedge accounting and the balance of the deferral account was cleared on the termination date. On June 30, 2019, the change from the refunding date resulted in a loss of \$96,041. Note 8 in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements disclose the detail of the swaps.

West Basin established it Tax-Exempt Commercial Paper Program in October 2018. Bank of the West agreed to extend up to \$50,000,000 authorization of credit to West Basin. As of June 30, 2019, West Basin had not utilized the Tax-Exempt Commercial Paper Program. Please see Note 7 in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements for details.

CONDITION AFFECTING CURRENT FINANCIAL POSITION

Management is unaware of any conditions that would have a significant impact on West Basin's financial position, net position, or operating results in terms of past, present and future.

CONTACTING WEST BASIN'S EXECUTIVE MANAGER OF FINANCE

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors, and creditors with an overview of West Basin's financial operations and overall financial condition. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact Margaret Moggia, Executive Manager of Finance, at West Basin.

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2019 (With Comparative totals for June 30, 2018)

ASSETS

	2019	2018
CURRENT ASSETS		
Unrestricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (note 2)	\$ 23,620,436	\$ 40,336,644
Investments (note 2)	37,172,990	36,005,623
Accounts receivable	34,683,823	33,172,099
Accrued interest receivable	371,983	402,814
Inventory	494,434	626,232
Prepaid expenses	280,124	278,260
Total unrestricted assets	96,623,790	110,821,672
Restricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (note 4)	4,176,810	4,174,935
Custodial cash (note 4)	476,055	419,798
Total restricted assets	4,652,865	4,594,733
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	101,276,655	115,416,405
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Other receivable	2,116,908	2,359,082
Capital assets, not depreciable (note 5)	158,425,073	135,617,378
Capital assets, net of depreciation (note 5)	315,452,417	323,624,394
Net pension asset (note 9)	376,365	286,597
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	476,370,763	461,887,451
TOTAL ASSETS	577,647,418	577,303,856
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows - pension contributions (note 9)	745,280	737,118
Deferred outflows - pension actuarial (note 9)	896,534	1,290,794
Deferred outflows - OPEB contributions (note 10)	615,957	596,625
Deferred outflows - OPEB actuarial (note 10)	915,786	782,181
Deferred amount on refunding	12,273,810	13,478,735
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	15,447,367	16,885,453

(Continued)

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2019 (With Comparative totals for June 30, 2018)

LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION

	2019	2018
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expense	32,912,986	34,369,665
Accrued interest payable	4,792,231	4,970,078
Current portion of long-term liabilities (note 6)	12,362,070	11,687,337
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	50,067,287	51,027,080
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (note 6)		
Compensated absences	1,187,123	1,393,953
2008B refunding revenue certificates of participation	-	3,972,589
2011A refunding revenue bonds	26,655,060	30,949,580
2011B refunding revenue bonds	62,606,095	62,931,367
2012A refunding revenue bonds	43,046,182	45,801,798
2016A refunding revenue bonds	133,665,131	135,645,067
Net pension liability (note 9)	647,679	745,354
Net OPEB liability (note 10)	503,715	298,976
Interest rate swaps (note 8)	1,323,882	1,227,841
Subtotal	269,634,867	282,966,525
Less: current portion above	(12,362,070)	(11,687,337)
TOTAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	257,272,797	271,279,188
TOTAL LIABILITIES	307,340,084	322,306,268
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows - pension actuarial (note 9)	698,506	1,046,770
Deferred inflows - OPEB actuarial (note 10)	365,092	406,001
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	1,063,598	1,452,771
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	224,355,642	197,595,039
Unrestricted	60,335,461	72,835,231
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 284,691,103	\$270,430,270

See accompanying notes to financial statements

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Year ended June 30, 2019 (with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2018)

	2019	2018
OPERATING REVENUES		
Water and monitoring	\$ 162,280,132	\$ 155,311,898
Water recycling revenue	46,518,136	49,444,484
Water conservation	66,306	91,145
Desalting revenue	267,873	75,665
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	209,132,447	204,923,192
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Source of supply and monitoring	132,386,651	125,744,684
Water recycling costs	37,575,664	34,828,243
Depreciation	23,645,635	25,187,784
Public information and education	2,988,152	3,201,324
Water policy and conservation	2,784,598	3,256,891
Project planning	1,342,791	652,512
Desalting operations	774,520	475,068
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	201,498,011	193,346,506
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	7,634,436	11,576,686
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Standby charges	10,029,508	10,038,300
Investment income	1,819,464	848,486
Miscellaneous income	199,525	153,726
Noncapital grants	766,096	325,637
Change in fair value of interest rate swap	(96,041)	806,167
Loss on disposition of assets	(139,702)	(3,988,383)
Interest expense	(10,860,035)	(11,418,266)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	1,718,815	(3,234,333)
NET INCOME BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	9,353,251	8,342,353
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		
Capital contributions	4,907,582	5,908,694
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	14,260,833	14,251,047
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	270,430,270	256,179,223
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$284,691,103	\$270,430,270

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended June 30, 2019 (with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2018)

	2019	2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from customers	\$ 207,862,897	\$ 204,413,175
Cash paid to suppliers of goods and services	(159,417,344)	(139,006,518)
Cash paid for employee services and benefits	(9,878,290)	(9,326,516)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY		
(USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	38,567,263	56,080,141
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Grants received	766,096	325,637
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)		
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	766,096	325,637
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING A	CTIVITIES	
Principal paid on long-term liabilities	(11,000,000)	(10,610,000)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(38,421,055)	(34,066,727)
Interest paid on long-term liabilities	(12,160,890)	(12,738,746)
Capital contributions	4,907,582	5,908,694
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)		
CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(56,674,363)	(51,506,779)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Sale of investments	20,659,982	17,998,617
Purchase of investments	(21,283,274)	(25,908,071)
Interest received	1,306,220	887,067
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)		
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	682,928	(7,022,387)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(16,658,076)	(2,123,388)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	44,931,377	47,054,765
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 28,273,301	\$ 44,931,377
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH		
EQUIVALENTS TO AMOUNTS REPORTED		
ON THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$23,620,436	\$40,336,644
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	4,176,810	4,174,935
Restricted custodial cash	476,055	419,798
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 28,273,301	\$ 44,931,377

See accompanying notes to financial statements

(Continued)

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended June 30, 2019 (with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2018)

	2019	2018
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income (loss)	\$ 7,634,436	\$11,576,686
Standby charges	10,029,508	10,038,300
Depreciation	23,645,635	25,187,784
Nonoperating miscellaneous income (expense)	199,525	153,726
CHANGE IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(1,269,550)	(510,017)
(Increase) decrease in inventory	131,798	(8,947)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense	(1,864)	(58,712)
(Increase) decrease in net pension asset	(89,768)	(16,285)
(increase) decrease in deferred outflows-pension	386,098	2,823,864
(increase) decrease in deferred outflows-OPEB	(152,937)	(968,593)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(1,456,679)	7,905,887
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	(206,830)	(96,165)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	(97,675)	(1,181,148)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability	204,739	414,686
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows - pension actuarial	(348,264)	413,074
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows - OPEB actuarial	(40,909)	406,001
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 38,567,263	\$ 56,080,141
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIE	S:	
Gain (loss) on disposition of assets	\$ (139,702)	\$ (3,988,382)
Unrealized gain (loss) from investments	\$ (544,075)	\$ (253,834)
Change in fair value of interest rate swap	\$ (96,041)	\$ 806,167

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and description of West Basin - West Basin Municipal Water District (West Basin) was incorporated on December 17, 1947, which operates under the authority of Division 20 of the California Water Code for the purpose of providing water and related services to the properties within West Basin. West Basin is governed by a five-member Board of Directors elected by the voters in the area to serve a four-year term.

The mission of West Basin is to provide a safe and reliable supply of high-quality water to the communities we serve. West Basin's customers consist of nine agencies, private and public, within its 185-square mile service area plus two additional agencies outside its service area. West Basin provides drinking and recycled water and water efficiency programs to its customers.

Basis of accounting - West Basin financial statements are comprised of the Statement of Net Position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, the Statement of Cash Flows and the notes to the financial statements.

West Basin uses an enterprise fund to record its activities. An enterprise fund is a type of proprietary fund used to account for operations where the costs of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis are recovered primarily through user fees and charges or debt backed by fees and charges.

West Basin uses "accrual basis of accounting", where revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

West Basin distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with water operations. Revenues not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues.

Estimates - The financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and, accordingly, include amounts that are based on management's best estimates and judgments.

Cash and cash equivalents - For purposes of the statements of cash flows, West Basin considers all investment instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments - Investments are stated at their fair value which represents the quoted or stated market value. Investments that are not traded on a market, such as investments in external pools, are valued based on the stated fair value as represented by the external pool.

Inventory - Inventory consists primarily of chemicals and spare parts used at the treatment plant and are stated at cost, these inventories are not held for resale.

Capital assets - Capital assets are classified into two major criteria of the business:

Capital assets used to support General Administration must meet (2) conditions:

- 1. Each individual item has a cost of \$3,000 or more or a group of same type assets has a cost of \$5,000 or more; and
- 2. Useful life of at least three years

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital assets used to support Infrastructure and Other Construction Projects must meet (2) conditions:

- 1. Each individual item or component unit has a cost of \$10,000 or more; and
- 2. Useful life of at least three years

All purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition cost on the date received. Replacements, refurbishments and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset by at least three years and the cost of the individual project are \$10,000 or more are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance is expensed as incurred. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Useful Life
Water facilities	3 - 75 year
Buildings and improvements	3 - 40 year
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	3 - 10 year

Depreciation aggregated \$23,645,635 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Construction in progress includes costs to determine desalination methodologies to be used in the completed facility. These costs are considered by management to be integral and necessary to the successful completion and installation of the desalination facilities.

Amortization - Bond premiums and the deferred amount on refunding are being amortized on the straight line method over periods not to exceed debt maturities. Amortization expense aggregated \$1,123,008 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Classifications of liabilities - Certain liabilities which are currently payable have been classified as restricted because they will be funded from restricted assets.

Compensated absences - Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave is recorded as an expense and liability as benefits accrue to employees.

Prior year data - Selected information regarding the prior year has been included in the accompanying financial statements. This information has been included for comparison purposes only and does not represent a complete presentation in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the government's prior year financial statements, from which this selected financial data was derived. West Basin has reclassified certain prior year information to conform with current year presentations.

Capital contributions - Capital contributions of \$4,907,582 include capital contributions, and capital recovery charges for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Capital grants and contributions - West Basin receives grants from other entities/agencies for several ongoing projects.

Capital-recovery charges (recycling operations) - West Basin receives fixed payments from major recycled water customers, which are intended to cover the cost of recycled water facilities owned by West Basin, but that were exclusively constructed to meet their recycling needs.

Risk management - West Basin is a member of the Association of California Water Agencies Joint Powers Insurance Authority ("Insurance Authority"). The Insurance Authority is a risk-pooling self-insurance authority, created under provisions of California Government Code Sections 6500 et. seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs of insurance for the pooling of self-insured losses and to purchase excess insurance coverage. The ACWA-JPIA board is composed of representatives from a number of water districts, including the West Basin Municipal Water District.

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2019, West Basin participated in the self-insurance programs of the Insurance Authority as follows:

Property loss - The Insurance Authority has pooled self-insurance up to \$100,000 per occurrence and has purchased excess insurance coverage up to \$500,000,000 (total insurable value of \$314,070,619). West Basin has a \$25,000 deductible for buildings, personal property and fixed equipment and a \$1,000 deductible on mobile equipment.

General liability - The Insurance Authority has pooled self-insurance up to \$5,000,000 per occurrence and has purchased excess insurance coverage up to \$55,000,000.

Auto liability - The Insurance Authority has pooled self-insurance up to \$5,000,000 per occurrence and has purchased excess insurance coverage up to \$55,000,000.

Public officials' liability - The Insurance Authority has pooled self-insurance up to \$5,000,000 and has purchased excess insurance coverage up to \$55,000,000.

Fidelity bond - The Insurance Authority has pooled self-insurance up to \$100,000. West Basin has a \$1,000 deductible.

At June 30, 2019, West Basin also had insurance coverage with Alliant Insurance for crime up to \$3,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible.

Pensions - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability or asset, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office and PARS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. CalPERS audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at the CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

GASB 68 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For the CalPERS report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date (VD) June 30, 2017

Measurement Date (MD) June 30, 2018

Measurement Period (MP) July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018

For the PARS report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date (VD) June 30, 2018

Measurement Date (MD) June 30, 2018

Measurement Period (MP) July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of West Basin's plan (OPEB Plan), the assets of which are held by the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT), and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and fiduciary net position information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date (VD) June 30, 2017 Measurement Date (MD) June 30, 2018

Measurement Period (MP) June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources - In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then. West Basin has five items that qualify for reporting in this category: the deferred outflows on pension contributions, the deferred outflows on OPEB contributions, the deferred outflows - pension actuarial, the deferred outflows - OPEB actuarial and the deferred amounts on debt refundings.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. West Basin has two items that qualifies for reporting in this category: deferred inflow – pension actuarial and deferred inflows – OPEB actuarial.

Fair value measurements - Certain assets and liabilities are required to be reported at fair value. The fair value framework provides a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly and fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies including:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are inactive;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. These unobservable inputs reflect West Basin's own assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk). These unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include West Basin's own data.

2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Financial Statement Classification:

Unrestricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$23,620,436
Investments	37,172,990
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	4,176,810
Custodial cash	476,055
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$65,446,291</u>

Cash and investments held by West Basin were comprised of the following at June 30, 2019:

	Maturity in Year				
	1 Year Or Less	1 - 5 Years	More than 5 Years	Total	
Local agency investment fund	\$14,766,076	\$ -	\$ -	\$14,766,076	
Money market mutual funds	4,176,810	-	-	4,176,810	
Deposits with financial institutions	9,330,417	-	-	9,330,417	
U.S. agency securities	1,245,361	991,649	-	2,237,010	
U.S. treasury securities	10,888,382	7,447,606	-	18,335,988	
State municipal obligations	-	324,995	-	324,995	
Commercial paper	2,453,317	-	-	2,453,317	
Corporate notes	2,385,313	5,411,250	-	7,796,563	
Certificates of deposit	2,482,203	2,137,423	-	4,619,626	
Supranationals		1,405,489		1,405,489	
Total cash and investments	\$47,727,879	<u>\$17,718,412</u>	\$ -	\$65,446,291	

Investments authorized by the California government code and West Basin's investment policy

- The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for West Basin by the California Government Code. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code that address interest rate risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of West Basin, rather than the general provision of the California Government Code or West Basin's investment policy.

2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Investment Type	Authorized by Investment Policy	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer*
U.S. treasury obligations	Yes	5 year	None	None
U.S. agency securities	Yes	5 year	None	None
Bankers acceptances	Yes	180 days	15%	5%
California municipal obligations	Yes	5 year	10%	5%
State municipal obligations	Yes	5 year	10%	5%
Commercial paper	Yes	270 days	25%	10%
Certificates of deposit	Yes	5 year	30%	5%
Repurchase agreements	No	1 year	None	None
Reverse repurchase agreements	No	92 days	20% of base value	None
Medium-term notes	Yes	5 year	30%	5%
Mutual funds	No	N/A	20%	10%
Money market mutual funds	Yes	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage pass-through securities	No	5 year	20%	None
LAIF	Yes	N/A	None	None
Supranationals	Yes	5 year	30%	None

^{*}Based on State law or investment policy requirements, whichever is more restrictive.

Investments authorized by debt agreements - Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or West Basin's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustees. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage Allowed	Investment in One Issuer
Cash	None	None	None
U.S. treasury obligations	None	None	None
U.S. agency securities	None	None	None
Bankers acceptances	180 days	None	None
Commercial paper	270 days	None	None
Money market mutual funds	N/A	None	None
Guaranteed investment contracts	30 year	None	None
Certificates of deposit	360 days	None	None
LAIF	None	None	None
State Municipal Obligations	None	None	None

Disclosures relating to interest rate risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

In accordance with the Investment Policy, West Basin manages its exposure to interest rate risk by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing over time as necessary to provide the cash flows and liquidity needed for operations and the payments of debt service.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of West Basin's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided in the previous table that shows the distribution of West Basin's investments by maturity as of June 30, 2019.

Disclosure relating to credit risk - Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. In accordance with the Investment Policy, West Basin only purchases investments that are rated "A" or higher by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the actual rating as of the year end for each investment under current assets and restricted assets.

		Minimu Legal	ım	Rating	as of Year End	
Investment Type	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rating</u>	AAA	AA	A	Not Rated
LAIF \$	14,766,076	N/A	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,766,076
Money market mutual funds	4,176,810	N/A	-	-	4,176,810	-
Deposits with financial institutions	9,330,417	N/A	-	-	-	9,330,417
U.S. agency securities	2,237,010	N/A	-	2,237,010	-	-
U.S. treasury securities	18,335,988	N/A	-	18,335,988	-	-
State municipal obligations	324,995	Α	-	324,995	-	-
Commercial paper	2,453,317	Α	-	-	2,453,317	-
Corporate notes	7,796,563	Α	336,995	1,338,076	6,121,492	-
Negotiable certificates of deposit	4,619,626	Α	274,189	1,060,718	3,284,719	-
Supranationals	1,405,489	AA	1,405,489			
Total \$6	5,446,291		\$2,016,673	\$23,296,787 	<u>\$16,036,338</u>	<u>\$24,096,493</u>

Concentration of credit risk - Concentration of credit is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of West Basin's investment in a single issue.

Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total District investments are as follows:

Issuer	Investment Type	Reported Amount
Federal National Mortgage Association	U.S. Agency Securities	\$ 1,811,888

2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial credit risk - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, West Basin will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter-party (e.g. broker) West Basin will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and West Basin's Investment Policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure District deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

Investment in state investment pool - West Basin is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of West Basin's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon West Basin's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. The weighted average maturity of the LAIF portfolio as of June 30, 2019 is 173 days.

3 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

West Basin categorizes certain assets and liabilities within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. West Basin has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

	Fair Value Hierarchy				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
U.S. agency securities	\$ -	\$2,237,010	\$ -	\$ 2,237,010	
U.S. treasury securities	18,335,988	-	-	18,335,988	
State municipal obligations	-	324,995	-	324,995	
Supranationals	-	1,405,489	-	1,405,489	
Negotiable CDs	-	4,619,626	-	4,619,626	
Corporate notes	-	7,796,563	-	7,796,563	
Commercial paper	-	2,453,317	-	2,453,317	
Interest rate swaps	-	(1,323,882)	-	(1,323,882)	
Total assets and liabilities reported at fair value	\$18,335,988	\$17,513,118	\$ -	\$35,849,106	

4 RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets were provided by, and are to be used for, the following at June 30, 2019:

Funding source	Use	Amount
Refunding Revenue Bonds	Reserve Requirement	\$4,176,810
Custodial Account	Custodial costs	476,055
		\$4,652,865

5 CAPITAL ASSETS

The investment in capital assets consists of the following at June 30, 2019:

	Balance at July 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2019
Capital assets, not being deprecia	ited:			
Land - Recycling facilities	\$ 23,541,078	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,541,078
Land - Carson	1,670,568	-	-	1,670,568
Discharge Capacity	621,189	-	-	621,189
Construction-in-progress	109,784,543	36,803,501	(13,995,806)	132,592,238
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	135,617,378	36,803,501	(13,995,806)	158,425,073
Capital assets, being depreciated:	:			
Building - Carson	2,343,574	-	-	2,343,574
Building improvement	1,726,486	637,543	(31,296)	2,332,733
Potable distribution system	1,241,681	-	-	1,241,681
Ocean desalination				
education center	548,067	-	(548,067)	-
Recycling facilities	573,499,262	13,686,065	(9,097,630)	578,087,697
Groundwater desalting facility	4,079,201	1,225,257	-	5,304,458
Machinery and equipment	2,241,607	64,495	(29,290)	2,276,812
Furniture and fixtures	247,132		(93,111)	154,021
Total capital assets, being depreciated	585,927,010	15,613,360	(9,799,394)	591,740,976
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Building - Carson	(1,023,361)	(93,743)	-	(1,117,104)
Building improvement	(610,247)	(175,161)	12,518	(772,890)
Potable distribution system	(465,630)	(62,084)	-	(527,714)
Ocean desalination	/45 / 700)	(00.440)	407.474	
education center	(456,723)	(30,448)	487,171	-
Recycling facilities	(255,605,015)	(22,751,549)	9,047,459	
Groundwater desalting facility	(2,350,030)	(213,387)	-	(2,563,417)
Machinery and equipment	(1,573,413)	(310,109)	23,270	(1,860,252)
Furniture and fixtures	(218,197)	(9,154)	89,274	(138,077)
Total accumulated depreciation	(262,302,616)	(23,645,635)	9,659,692	(276,288,559)
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated, net	323,624,394	(8,032,275)	(139,702)	315,452,417
Total capital assets, net	\$459,241,772	\$28,771,226	\$(14,135,508)	\$473,877,490

6 LONG-TERM DEBT

The following amounts of long-term debts were outstanding June 30, 2019:

	Balance at July 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2019	Current Portion
2008B Refunding Revenue Certificate of Participation 2011A Refunding		\$ -	\$(3,972,589)	\$ -	\$ -
Revenue Bonds	30,949,580	-	(4,294,520)	26,655,060	4,105,000
2011B Refunding Revenue Bonds	62,931,367	-	(325,272)	62,606,095	-
2012A Refunding Revenue Bonds	45,801,798	-	(2,755,616)	43,046,182	2,475,000
2016A Refunding Revenue Bonds	135,645,067		(1,979,936)	133,665,131	4,845,000
Subtotal	279,300,401	-	(13,327,933)	265,972,468	11,425,000
Compensated Absences	1,393,953	1,060,560	(1,267,390)	1,187,123	937,070
Total	\$280,694,354	\$ 1,060,560	<u>\$(14,595,323)</u>	\$267,159,591	\$12,362,070

2011A refunding revenue bonds - In September 2011, West Basin issued \$34,190,000 Refunding Revenue Bonds ("2011A Refunding Revenue Bonds") to assist West Basin in refinancing a portion of certain facilities of West Basin previously financed and refinanced from the proceeds of the 2003A Refunding Revenue Certificates of Participation, to refinance certain facilities of West Basin previously financed from the proceeds of the State of California loan, and to pay costs of delivery of the 2011A Refunding Revenue Bonds.

The 2011A Refunding Revenue Bonds have interest rates from the original issue date ranging from 2.0% to 5.0% with maturities through August 2024. This liability is presented in the accompanying statement of net position net of unamortized discounts and premiums as follows:

Net liability	\$ 26,655,060
Unamortized premium	1,675,060
Bonds outstanding	\$ 24,980,000

6 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

2011B refunding revenue bonds - In November 2011, West Basin issued \$60,275,000 Refunding Revenue Bonds ("2011B Refunding Revenue Bonds") to assist West Basin in refinancing a portion of certain facilities of West Basin previously financed and refinanced from the proceeds of the 2003A Refunding Revenue Certificates of Participation, to refinance certain facilities of West Basin previously financed from the proceeds of the 2010A Adjustable Rate Revenue Certificates of Participation, to fund capitalized interest, to fund a reserve fund and to pay costs of delivery of the 2011B Refunding Revenue Bonds.

The 2011B Refunding Revenue Bonds have interest rates from the original issue date ranging from 4.0% to 5.0% with maturities through August 2036. This liability is presented in the accompanying statement of net position net of unamortized discounts and premiums as follows:

Net liability	\$ 62,606,095
Unamortized premium	2,331,095
Bonds outstanding	\$ 60,275,000

2012A refunding revenue bonds - In April 2012, West Basin issued \$50,325,000 Refunding Revenue Bonds ("2012A Refunding Revenue Bonds") to assist West Basin in refinancing a portion of certain facilities of West Basin previously financed from the proceeds of the 2003A Refunding Revenue Certificates of Participation, to refinance certain facilities of West Basin previously financed from the proceeds of the 2010A Adjustable Rate Revenue Certificates of Participation, to fund capitalized interest, to fund a portion of a reserve fund and to pay costs of delivery of the 2012A Refunding Revenue Bonds.

The 2012A Refunding Revenue Bonds have interest rates from the original issue date ranging from 3.0% to 5.0% with maturities through August 2029. This liability is presented in the accompanying statement of net position net of unamortized discounts and premiums as follows:

Net liability	\$ 43,046,182
Unamortized premium	3,756,182
Bonds outstanding	\$ 39,290,000

2016A refunding revenue bonds - On October 27, 2016, West Basin issued Series 2016A Refunding Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$112,875,000 to advance refund the callable portions (approximately \$98 million) of the 2008B Refunding Revenue Certificates of Participation and repay the outstanding balance of the 2010A Adjustable Rate Revenue Certificates of Participation.

The 2016A Refunding Revenue Bonds have interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0% with maturities through August 2036. This liability is presented in the accompanying statement of net position net of unamortized discounts and premiums as follows:

Net liability	\$ 133,665,131
Unamortized premium	22,165,131
Bonds outstanding	\$ 111,500,000

Debt Coverage - West Basin has pledged revenues, net of specified operating expenses, as security for debt service associated with indebtedness incurred to finance various capital facilities of West Basin. The bonds are payable solely from net revenues and are payable through fiscal year 2037. For the year ended June 30, 2019, debt coverage (net revenues divided by total debt service) for all debt was approximately 2.07.

6 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Debt Service Requirements - The Refunding Revenue Bonds debt service requirements subsequent to June 30, 2019, are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2019/20	\$ 11,425,000	\$ 11,437,000	\$ 22,862,000
2020/21	11,835,000	11,024,750	22,859,750
2021/22	12,325,000	10,523,250	22,848,250
2022/23	12,825,000	9,959,000	22,784,000
2023/24	13,670,000	9,330,250	23,000,250
2024/25	14,330,000	8,646,750	22,976,750
2025/26	15,210,000	7,961,250	23,171,250
2026/27	15,730,000	7,200,750	22,930,750
2027/28	16,585,000	6,434,750	23,019,750
2028/29	17,420,000	5,605,500	23,025,500
2029/30	18,290,000	4,734,500	23,024,500
2030/31	12,355,000	3,820,000	16,175,000
2031/32	12,970,000	3,202,250	16,172,250
2032/33	9,230,000	2,553,750	11,783,750
2033/34	9,700,000	2,092,250	11,792,250
2034/35	10,190,000	1,607,250	11,797,250
2035/36	10,705,000	1,097,750	11,802,750
2036/37	11,250,000	562,500	11,812,500
	\$236,045,000	\$107,793,500	\$343,838,500

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7 COMMERCIAL PAPER

West Basin established its Tax-Exempt Commercial Paper Program in October 2018. Commercial paper is a form of variable-rate debt issued with maturities of 1 to 270 days. When the commercial paper matures, it is rolled over to new investors by its commercial paper dealer. Bank of the West agreed to extend up to \$50,000,000 authorization of credit to West Basin. West Basin pays a letter of credit fee of 0.30% on the unutilized portion of the commercial paper and pays a dealer fee of 0.075% on the utilized portion of the commercial paper.

As of June 30, 2019, West Basin had not utilized the Tax-Exempt Commercial Paper Program.

8 SWAP TRANSACTION AGREEMENTS

In June 2004, West Basin entered into a swap transaction in the original notional amount of \$22,875,000 for the purpose of hedging the variable interest rate that related to one of West Basin's Adjustable Rate Refunding Certificates of Participation at the time. This swap was executed and confirmed on June 8, 2004. In 2008, West Basin refinanced this Adjustable Rate Refunding Revenue Certificates of Participation and the swap was amended and restated as of June 6, 2008 for the original notional amount of \$22,875,000. The agreement is scheduled to terminate August 1, 2027 unless terminated earlier. Under the amended and restated swap transaction, West Basin pays a fixed rate of 3.662% and receives 65% of the British Bankers Association - London Interbank offered rate (BBA - LIBOR). West Basin engaged independent consultants with no vested interest in the swap transactions to perform the mark-to-market and fair value calculations of the swaps. The fair value of this swap was (\$1,194,257) as of June 30, 2019.

In April 2005, West Basin entered into a swap transaction in the notional amount of \$18,175,000 for the purpose of hedging the variable interest rate that related to another one of West Basin's Adjustable Rate Refunding Revenue Certificates of Participation at the time. This swap became effective on June 7, 2004. In 2008, West Basin refinanced the 2008A-2 Adjustable Rate Refunding Revenue Certificates of Participation and the swap was amended and restated as of May 22, 2008 for the original notional amount of \$18,175,000 and is scheduled to terminate August 1, 2021, unless terminated earlier. Under the amended and restated swap transaction, West Basin pays a fixed rate of 3.515% and receives the floating rate of 65% of BBA - LIBOR. The fair value of this swap was (\$129,625) as of June 30, 2019.

In 2010, West Basin refinanced the 2008A Adjustable Rate Refunding Revenue Certificates of Participation. On October 27, 2016, West Basin refunded the 2010A Adjustable Rate Refunding Revenue Certificates of Participation with a Fixed Rate Revenue Certificates of Participation. The Series 2016A paid off the balance of the Series 2010A, resulting in West Basin having no outstanding variable rate debt. Based on GASB 53, the swaps are potential hedges currently deemed Investment Derivatives until associated with new variable debt.

The income approach is used to obtain the fair value of the swaps, where future amounts (the expected swap cash flows) are converted to a single current (discounted) amount, using a rate of return that takes into account the relative risk of nonperformance associated with the cash flows, and time value of money. Where applicable under the income approach, the option pricing model technique, such as the Black-Derman-Toy model, or other appropriate option pricing model is used. This valuation technique is applied consistently across all the swaps. Given the observability of inputs that are significant to the entire measurement, the fair values of West Basin swaps are categorized as Level 2.

8 SWAP TRANSACTION AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The fair value balances and notional amounts of derivative instruments outstanding at June 30, 2019, classified by type, and the changes in fair value of such derivative instruments for the year then ended are as follows.

Derivative Instruments as of 6/30/2019

(Debit (Credit))	Change	in Fair Val	ue Cł	nange in Fair \	/alue
	Classification	Amount	Classification	n Amount	Notional
Business-type activities					
Investment derivative instrume	nts:				
Pay-fixed interest rate swaps (WESTBASIN200406080001)	Investment revenue	\$(152,487)	Investment	\$(1,194,258)	\$11,350,000
Pay-fixed interest rate swaps (WESTBASIN200504260001)	Investment revenue	\$56,446	Investment	\$(129,625)	\$4,725,000

The fair value of each of the above interest rate swap agreements has been reported as a liability in the accompanying statement of net position. All derivatives are reported on the statement of net assets at fair value. On the refunding date, October 27, 2016, pursuant to GASB 53, West Basin terminated hedge accounting and the balance of the deferral account was cleared on the termination date. Change in fair value of the swaps from the refunding date is reported in the statement of activities as investment revenue or loss. On June 30, 2019 the change during the fiscal year resulted in a gain of \$96,041.

Fair value values take into consideration the prevailing interest rate environment, the specific terms and conditions of a given transaction and any upfront payments that may have been received. All fair values were estimated using the zero-coupon discounting method. This method calculates the future payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve are the market's best estimate of future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for a hypothetical zero-coupon rate bond due on the date of each future net settlement on the swaps. Fair values reflect the effect of non-performance risk, which includes West Basin's credit risk.

8 | SWAP TRANSACTION AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Terms of Derivative Instruments

The following table displays the terms of West Basin's hedging derivative instruments outstanding at June 30, 2019, along with the credit rating of the associated counterparty.

Туре	Notional Amount Date	Effective Date	Maturity Rate Paid	Rate Received		Bank Counterparty	Counterparty Ratings (Moody's/ S&P/Fitch)
Pay-fixed interest rate swap	\$11,350,000	5/22/2008	8/1/2027	3.662%	65% of USD-LIBOR	Citibank, N.A., New York	Aa3/A+/A+
Pay-fixed interest rate swap	\$4,725,000	5/22/2008	8/1/2021	3.515%	65% of USD-LIBOR	Citibank, N.A., New York	Aa3/A+/A+

Credit risk. This is the risk that a counterparty will not fulfill its obligations. As of June 30, 2019, West Basin was not exposed to credit risk because the swaps had a negative mark-to-market value of \$1,335,847, meaning the counterparties are exposed to West Basin in the amount of the derivatives' mark-to-market values. However, should interest rates change and the mark-to-market values of the swaps become positive, West Basin would be exposed to credit risk. To minimize its potential exposure to loss related to credit risk, it is West Basin's policy to require counterparty collateral posting provisions in its swap transactions. These terms require full collateralization of the mark-to-market value of hedging derivative instruments in asset positions (net of the effect of applicable netting arrangements) should the counterparty, or its guarantor, not have credit ratings from two nationally recognized rating agencies in at least the two highest rating categories. Collateral posted is to be in the form of cash, U.S. Treasury Securities or Agency Securities rated "Aaa" or "AAA" by two of the nationally recognized rating agencies held by a third-party custodian.

Interest rate risk. West Basin is exposed to interest rate risk on its interest rate swaps. On its pay-fixed, receive-variable interest rate swaps, as LIBOR and prevailing interest rates decrease, West Basin's net payments and liability mark-to-market value on the swap increases.

Termination risk. West Basin or its counterparties may terminate a derivative instrument if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. In such event, West Basin may either receive or owe a payment to the counterparty. The amount and the direction of the payment are dependent on prevailing swap interest rates and it reflects the mark-to-market value of the swap at the time of such termination.

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

West Basin has two pension plans one with CalPERS and one with PARS. The information below includes the aggregate total pension related items for both plans

	CalPERS	PARS	Total
Net pension liability	\$ 647,679	\$ -	\$ 647,679
Net pension asset	-	376,365	376,365
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	1,530,436	111,378	1,641,814
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	533,015	165,491	698,506
Pension expense	561,450	34,221	595,671

CalPERS Plan:

Plan Description - All qualified employees are eligible to participate in West Basin's separate Miscellaneous (all other) Employee Pension Plans, cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefits provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2019, are summarized as follows:

	Tier I	PEPRA
Hire date Prio	r to January 1, 2013	On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	3% @ 60	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50-60	52-67
Required employee contribution rate	s 8%	6.5%
Required employer contribution rates	14.369%	7.266%

Contribution description - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. For public agency cost-sharing plans covered by either the Miscellaneous or Safety risk pools, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2018 (the measurement date), the active employee contribution rate is 8% percent of annual pay, and the average employer's contribution rate is 14.369% of annual payroll for Tier I employees. For PEPRA employees the active employee contribution rate is 6.5% percent annual pay and the average employer's contribution rate is 7.266% of annual payroll. Employer contributions rates may change if plan contracts are amended. It is the responsibility of the employer to make necessary accounting adjustments to reflect the impact due to any Employer Paid Member Contributions or situations where members are paying a portion of the employer contribution.

West Basin's contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	Miscellaneous
Contributions - Employer	\$ 684,280
Contributions - Employee (Paid by Employer)	297,189

Actuarial methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability

For the measurement period ending June 30, 2018 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2017 total pension liability determined in the June 30, 2017 valuation. The June 30, 2018 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68
Actuarial Assumptions Discount Rate Inflation Salary Increases	7.15% 2.50% Varies by Entry Age and Service
Mortality Rate Table' Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all funds Contract COLA up to 2.50% until Purchasing Power Projection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies

'The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class.

Asset Class¹	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 ²	Real Return Years 11+3
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Global Fixed Income	28.0	1.00	2.62
Inflation Sensitive	0.0	0.77	1.81
Private Equity	8.0	6.30	7.23
Real Estate	13.0	3.75	4.93
Liquidity	1.0	0.00	(0.92)

^{&#}x27;In the CalPERS System's CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in the Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt ²An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period

Subsequent Events - There were no subsequent events that would materially affect the results presented in this disclosure.

Allocation of net pension liability and pension expense to individual employers

The following table shows West Basin's proportionate share of the net pension liability over the measurement period:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (c) = (a) - (b)	
Balance at: 6/30/2018	\$	15,582,499	\$	14,837,145	\$	745,354
Balance at: 6/30/2019		17,418,157		16,770,478		647,679
Net Changes during 2018-19		1,835,658		1,933,333		(97,675)

The net pension liability of the plan is measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability for the plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation of June 30, 2017. The proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of West Basin's long term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. West Basin's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the plan as of June 30, 2017 and 2018 measurement date was as follows:

	Miscellaneous Plan
Proportion - June 30, 2018	.01891%
Proportion - June 30, 2019	.01719%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	(.00172%)

³An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan as of the Measurement Date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or one percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	Discount Rate - 1% (6.15%)	Current Discount Rate (7.15%)	Discount Rate + 1% (8.15%)
Plan's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 3,003,853	\$ 647,679	\$ (1,297,305)

Amortization of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources

Under GASB 68, actuarial gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time.

The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred inflows and deferred outflows to be recognized in future pension expense.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	Five-year straight-line amortization
All other amounts	Straight-line amortization over the expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) of all members that are provided with pensions (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period

The Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments is amortized over a five-year period on a straight-line basis. One-fifth is recognized in pension expense during the measurement period, and the remaining Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments at the measurement date is to be amortized over the remaining four-year period. The Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments in the Schedule of Collective Pension Amounts represents the unamortized balance relating to the current measurement period and the prior measurement period on a net basis.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources relating to Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience, Changes of Assumptions and employer-specific amounts should be amortized over the EARSL of members provided with pensions through the Plan. The EARSL for the Plan for the June 30, 2018 measurement date is 3.8 years, which was obtained by dividing the total services years by the total number of participants (active, inactive, and retired) in the Plan. Inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to 0. Total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving a cash refund.

Pension expense and deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, West Basin recognized a pension expense of \$561,450 for the Plan. As of June 30, 2019, West Basin reports deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

D		Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Differences between actual contributions made	\$	684,280	\$ -
and proportionate share of contributions	-	82,717	-
Change in employer's proportion		661,550	(506,463)
Differences between expected and actual experience		24,850	(8,456)
Changes of assumptions		73,837	(18,096)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		3,202	-
Total	\$	1,530,436	\$ (533,015)

\$684,280 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources in the previous chart will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Measurement Period Ended June 30	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2019	\$64,038
2020	80,956
2021	173,972
2022	(5,825)
2023	-
Thereafter	-

PARS Plan:

West Basin has established a defined benefit, single-employer retirement plan that provides a pension benefit for full time elected or appointed Directors:

Tier I: Members retired from West Basin after July 1, 2002 and assumed office prior to January 1, 2013, who are at least age 50 with 5 or more years of continuous service, who have not been a CalPERS member prior to January 1, 2003.

Tier II: Members retired from West Basin after July 1, 2002 and assumed office prior to January 1, 2013, who have assumed office on or after January 1, 1995, who are at least age 55 with 12 or more years of continuous service, and who are not eligible for another District retiree benefit.

Tier III: Members assumed office on or after January 1, 2013, who are at least age 52 with five or more years of continuous service, and who have not been a CalPERS member prior to January 2003.

This plan is administered for West Basin through a third party administrator, PARS. Copies of PARS' annual financial report may be obtained from its executive office at 4350 Von Karman Ave. Suite 100, Newport Beach, California 92660.

The pension benefit for Tier I members starts at 2% of the highest average annual salary for a one year period of employment with West Basin at age 50, increases by 0.1% for each year after age of 50, and capped at 3% at 60. For Tier II members, the benefit is increased by a 2% annual Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) after retirement with the annual Supplemental benefit of \$5,000. West Basin contributes to each benefit on behalf of the eligible directors. For Tier III members, the benefit starts at 1% of the highest average annual compensation paid during any 36 consecutive months, capped at 2.5% at age 67. The Tier III members contribute up to 50% of the normal cost which were 14% and 17.25% for periods ending June 30, 2017 and 2019, respectively.

Employees Covered - At June 30, 2018 the valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Plan:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated employees	1	
Active employees	5	
Total	7	
iotai		

Contribution description

West Basin's funding policy is to make the contribution as determined by the Plan's actuary, expressed as a percentage of total Director's payroll. The Plan's annual pension cost for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, is based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, West Basin's annual pension cost was \$34,221.

Actuarial Valuation Date:	June 30, 2018
Asset Valuation Method:	Market value
Discount rate:	5.25%
Mortality:	Post-retirement mortality rates are from the CalPERS' 1997-2015 Experience Study
General Inflation:	2.75%
Aggregate payroll Increase:	3.00%
Termination:	None assumed
Salary Scale:	Individual payroll increases are the lesser of 5% and inflation
Retirement Age:	Employees will immediately retire upon the later of eligibility for benefits (which is usually the expiration of the third term on the Board), or end of the current term on the Board

Actuarial methods

The actuarial cost method used for this valuation is the Entry Age Normal (EAN) method. The Present Value of Projected Benefits (PVPB) is the present value of all future benefits for current plan participants. The Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) represents the portion of the PVPB attributable to past service. The AAL is recognized over service through the date a participant is expected to commence benefits.

The initial unfunded AAL for the original multiple employer plan was amortized over 20 years as of July 1, 2002 as a level percentage of expected payroll. Subsequent gains or losses are amortized over 15 years, and plan amendments, methods and assumption changes are amortized over 20 years. The maximum combined amortization period is 30 years. Effective June 30, 2006, the plan was split into two plans. At that time, all West Basin Municipal Water District bases were combined into a single fresh start base amortized over 16 years, which was the remaining period of the initial UAL. Currently, 4 years remain on this base.

Plan funded status based on the excess of Actuarial Accrued Liability minus Plan Assets. Actuarial assets are equal to market value assets, which is provided by PARS.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 5.25 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, the actuary stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 5.25 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary.

According to Paragraph 30 of Statement 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 5.25 percent investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 30 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 5.78 percent. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability (Asset).

Changes in net pension liability (asset)

The following table shows the changes in net pension liability (asset) recognized over the measurement period:

			Incre	ease (Decrease)		
	T	otal Pension Liability (a)		lan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Lia	let Pension bility/(Asset) c) = (a) - (b)
Balance at 6/30/2017 (MD)	\$	1,244,635	\$	1,531,232	\$	(286,597)
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:						
Service Cost		75,190		-		75,190
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		72,180		-		72,180
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(128,778)		-		(128,778)
Assumption Changes		(9,787)		-		(9,787)
Contributions from the Employer		-		78,000		(78,000)
Contributions from Employees		-		7,921		(7,921)
Investment Income		-		50,895		(50,895)
Administrative Expense		-		(38,243)		38,243
Benefit Payments		(14,926)		(14,926)		-
Net Changes during 2017-18	\$	(6,121)	\$	83,647	\$	(89,768)
Balance at 6/30/2018 (MD)	\$	1,238,514	\$	1,614,879	\$	(376,365)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the Plan as of the Measurement Date, calculated using the discount rate of 5.25 percent, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (4.25 percent) or one percentage-point higher (6.25 percent) than the current rate:

	Discount Rate 1% (4.25%)	Current Discount Rate (5.25%)	Discount Rate 1% (6.25%)
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (233,397)	\$ (376,365)	\$ (497,408)

Pension expense and deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

For the measurement period ending June 30, 2018 (the measurement date), West Basin recognized a pension expense of \$34,221 for the Plan.

As of June 30, 2019, West Basin reports other amounts for the Plan as deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions as follows:

	d Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resource
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 61,000	\$ -
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	-	(158,213
Changes of Assumptions	-	(7,278
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	50,378	
Total	\$ 111,378	\$ (165,491

As of June 30, 2019, West Basin reported \$61,000 as deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2020. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Measurement Period Ended June 30	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2019	\$(50,150)
2020	(44,426)
2021	(27,381)
2022	6,844
2023	-
Thereafter	-

10 OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description: West Basin Municipal Water District provides postretirement medical benefits to employees who retire directly from West Basin under CalPERS under a single-employer defined benefit post-employment benefits plan. To be eligible for District-paid healthcare benefits, retirees must be at least age 55 with 10 years of District service at retirement, or meet the eligibility requirement of age 50 and the Rule of 75 (age plus CalPERS service equals 75, with a minimum of 5 years District service). For eligible retirees, West Basin pays the full medical and dental premiums, plus a reimbursement for out-of-pocket medical, dental, and vision expenses up to the active employees' reimbursement caps. Benefit provisions are established and amended by the Board of Directors.

Employees Covered:

As of the June 30, 2017 the valuation date, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the Plan:

Active employees	47
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	15
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	
Total	62

Contributions: The Plan and its contribution requirements are established by Memoranda of Understanding with the applicable employee bargaining units and may be amended by agreements between the West Basin and the bargaining units. The annual contribution is based on the actuarially determined contribution. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, West Basin's cash contributions were \$615,957. West Basin opened a trust account with California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT), an OPEB trust administrator and affiliate program of CalPERS, for the purpose of prefunding obligations for past services.

Net OPEB Liability

West Basin's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2017, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal Cost		
Actuarial Assumptions:			
Discount Rate	7.1%		
Salary Increases	3.25% per year		
General Inflation Rate	2.75% per year		
Investment Rate of Return	7.1% assuming actuarially determined contributions funded into CERBT Investment Strategy 1		
Mortality Rate	MacLeod Watts Scale 2017 applied		
Healthcare Trend Rate	Medical plan premiums and claims costs by age are assumed to increase once each year. The increases over the prior year's levels range from 5% to 8.5%		
	Dental and vision premiums are assumed to increase by 3% annually		

Notes:

Demographic actuarial assumptions used in this valuation are based on the 2014 experience study of the California Public Employees Retirement System using data from 1997 to 2011, except for a different basis using to project future mortality improvements. Mortality rates used were those published by CalPERS, adjusted to back out 20 years of Scale BB to central year 2008.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	STRATE	GY 1
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term expected real rate of return
Global Equity	59.00%	5.98%
Global Debt Securities	25.00%	2.62%
REITs	8.00%	5.00%
Treasury Inflation Projected Securities	5.00%	1.46%
Commodities	3.00%	2.87%
Total	100%	

^{*} Long-term expected rate of return is 7.1%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.1 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees and beneficiaries. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in the OPEB Liability

The changes in the net OPEB liability for the Plan are as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net position (b)	Net OPEB Liability/(Asset (c) = (a) - (b)		
Balance at June 30, 2018					
(Valuation Date June 30, 2017)	\$ 9,686,517	\$ 9,387,541	\$ 298,976		
Changes recognized for					
the measurement period: Service cost	534,301	<u>-</u>	534,301		
Interest	735,231	-	735,231		
Changes of assumptions	282,757	-	282,757		
Contributions - employer	-	616,651	(616,651)		
Net investment income	-	696,380	(696,380)		
Benefit payments	(242,988)	(242,988)	-		
Investment experience	-	51,959	(51,959)		
Administrative expense	-	(17,440)	17,440		
Net Changes	1,309,301	1,104,562	204,739		
Balance at June 30, 2019 (Measurement Date					
June 30, 2018)	\$ 10,995,818	\$ 10,492,103	\$ 503,715		

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of West Basin if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2018:

		Current	
	Discount Rate - 1% (6.10%)	Discount Rate (7.10%)	Discount Rate - 1% (8.10%)
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$2,298,914	\$503,715	\$(937,457)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of West Basin if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2018:

	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	1% Increase
	7.5% decreasing to 4.0% for year 2025 and thereafter)	(8.5% decreasing to 5.0% for year 2025 and thereafter)	(9.5% decreasing to 6.0% for year 2025 and thereafter)
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (1,353,679)	\$ 503,715	\$ 2,968,713

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The CERBT issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained from the California Public Employees' Retirement System, CERBT, P.O. Box 942703, Sacramento, CA 94429-2703.

Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time.

Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense.

The recognition period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	5 years
All other amounts	Expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) (7.9 Years at June 30, 2017)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, West Basin recognized OPEB expense of \$646,876. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, West Basin reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Dutflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	615,957	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		915,786		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		154,813
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		210,279
Total	\$	1,531,743	\$	365,092

The \$615,957 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2018 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2020	\$56,284
2021	56,284
2022	56,283
2023	112,522
2024	122,913
Thereafter	146,408

11 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

West Basin has entered into various contracts for the purchase of materials, construction of the utility plant, professional and nonprofessional services. Certain amounts are based on the contractor's estimated cost to complete. At June 30, 2019, the total unpaid amount on these contracts is \$31,092,000.

West Basin is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the District's legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the District.

12 ASSOCIATED WITH WEST BASIN'S RECYCLED WATER PROGRAM

For West Basin's recycled water program, West Basin has entered into agreements with various entities that desire to use the recycled water that is produced by West Basin's recycled water treatment facilities.

These agreements entitle those parties to purchase a prescribed amount of recycled water. In return for access to such water, these parties have agreed to pay for the water actually supplied to that user at a rate annually established by West Basin for its recycled water customers.

Because of the significant contingencies associated with each of these agreements and in accordance with the revenue recognition criteria established for voluntary nonexchange transactions, capital contribution revenue and a related receivable was not accrued at the inception of the agreement.

13 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 24, 2019, the District requested \$10 Million from its Commercial Paper (CP) line to fund capital projects for its water recycling facilities. This draw represents projects that are reflected on the reimbursement resolution approved in July 2019, and is within the authorization limit of the CP line.

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended June 30, 2019 Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Schedule of the Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - PERS

	Miscellaneous Plan					
	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	
Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability	.01719%	.01891%	.05546%	.04779%	.02024%	
Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability	\$ 647,679	\$ 745,354	\$1,926,502	\$ 1,311,119	\$ 1,259,725	
Covered Payroll	\$5,522,647	\$4,586,588	\$4,389,575	\$ 4,335,349	\$ 3,867,694	
Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability as percentage of covered payroll	11.73%	16.25%	43.89%	30.24%	32.57%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	96.3%	95.2%	84.6%	87.6%	85.9%	

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes. The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the June 30, 2014 valuation date. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (aka Golden Handshakes).

Changes in assumptions: In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017.

^{*}Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only five years are shown.

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended June 30, 2019 Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Schedule of Plan Contributions - PERS

	Miscellaneous Plan				
	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 684,280	\$ 659,118	\$ 613,167	\$ 622,460	\$ 711,101
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	(684,280)	(659,118)	(2,226,416)	(622,460)	(711,101)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$(1,613,249)	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$5,501,582	\$5,522,647	\$ 4,586,588	\$4,389,575	\$4,335,349
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	12.44%	11.93%	13.37%	14.18%	16.40%

Notes to Schedule:

Fiscal Year End: 6/30/2019 Valuation Date: 6/30/2016

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:				
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age			
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll			
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value			
Discount Rate	7.375%			
Projected Salary Increase	3.30% to 14.20% depending on Age, Service, and type of employment			
Inflation	2.75%			
Payroll Growth	3.00%			
Individual Salary Growth	A merit scale varying by duration of employment coupled with an assumed annual inflation growth of 2.75% and an annual production growth of 0.25%.			

On December 21, 2016, the CalPERs Board of Administration lowered the discount rate from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent using a three year phase-in beginning with the June 30, 2016 actual valuations. The minimum employer contributions for Fiscal Year 2018-19 determined in this valuation were calculated using a discount rate of 7.375 percent.

^{*}Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation; therefore, only five years are shown.

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended June 30, 2019 Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Defined Benefit Pension Plan - PARS

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios During the Measurement Period

Measurement Period TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY	<u>2017-18</u>	2016-17	<u>2015-16</u>	<u>2014-15</u> <u>2013-14</u>
Service Cost	\$ 75,190	\$ 73,000	\$ 77,000	\$ 75,000 \$ 73,000
Interest	72,180	65,268	68,175	61,470 55,000
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-	
Difference between Expected				
and Actual Experience	(128,778)	-	(179,554)	
Changes of Assumptions	(9,787)	-	-	
Benefit Payments, Including				
Refunds of Employee Contributions	(14 024)	(14422)	(14 244)	(10 745)
	(14,926)	(14,633)	(14,346)	(18,745)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(6,121)	123,635	(48,725)	117,725 128,000
Total Pension Liability -	(-,:=:,	,	(, ,	,. =,
Beginning	1,244,635	1,121,000	1,169,725	1,052,000 924,000
Total Pension Liability -				
Ending (a)	<u>\$ 1,238,514</u>	<u>\$1,244,635</u>	<u>\$1,121,000</u>	<u>\$1,169,725</u> <u>\$1,052,000</u>
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION				
Contributions - Employer	\$ 78,000	\$ 76,000	\$ 87,000	\$ 90,583 \$ 115,000
Contributions - Employee	7,921	12,712	5,372	
Investment Income	50,895	88,081	26,278	20,884 102,000
Administrative Expense	(38,243)	(22,240)	(36,201)	(23,956) (33,000)
Benefit Payments, Including				
Refunds of Employee Contributi	ions (14,926)	(14,633)	(14,346)	(18,745) -
Other Changes in Net				
Fiduciary Position Net Change in Fiduciary	_			
Net Change in Flauciary Net Position	83,647	139,920	68,103	68,766 184,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position -		,	22,122	
Beginning	1,531,232	1,391,312	1,323,209	1,254,443 1,070,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position -				
Ending (b)	<u>\$1,614,879</u>	<u>\$1,531,232</u>	<u>\$ 1,391,312</u>	<u>\$1,323,209</u> <u>\$1,254,000</u>
PLAN NET PENSION LIABILITY -	*	* ===\	.	A /
Ending (a) - (b)	<u>\$ (376,365)</u>	<u>\$ (286,597)</u>	<u>\$ (270,312)</u>	<u>\$(153,484)</u> <u>\$(202,000)</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total				
Pension Liability	130.4%	123.0%	124.1%	113.1% 119.2%
Covered Payroll	\$ 167,478	\$ 179,740	\$ 168,909	\$ 139,328 \$ 143,680
Plan Net Pension Liability as a		·	·	,
Percentage of Payroll	-224.7%	-159.5%	-160.0%	-110.2% -140.6%

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended June 30, 2019 Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: There were no changes to benefit terms specific to the plan.

Changes of Assumptions: There were no changes in assumptions.

Schedule of Plan Contributions - PARS

	Fiscal Year				
	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 61,000	\$ 78,000	\$ 76,000	\$ 87,000	\$ 92,026
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	(61,000) \$ -	(78,000) \$ -	<u>(76,000)</u> \$ -	(87,000) \$ -	(92,026)
Covered Payroll	184,906	\$167,478	\$179,740	\$168,909	\$139,328
Contributions as a Percentage of Payroll	32.30%	46.57%	42.28%	51.51%	66.04%

Notes to Schedule:

Mortality

Valuation date:	June 30, 2018		
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:			
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal		
Amortization method	Level percent of pay		
Remaining amortization period	15.7 years		
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets		
Inflation	2.75%		
Salary increases	5.0%, average, including inflation of 3.0%		
Investment rate of return	5.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation		
Retirement Age	67 yrs.		

CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study

^{*}Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation; therefore, only five years are shown.

^{*}Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation; therefore, only five years are shown

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended June 30, 2019 Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios for the Measurement Periods Ended June 30

Measurement Period	2017-18	2016-17
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY		
Service Cost	\$ 534,301	\$ 406,900
Interest on the total OPEB liability	735,231	616,794
Actual and expected experience difference	-	(207,291)
Changes in assumptions	282,757	895,541
Changes in benefit terms	-	-
Benefit payments	(242,988)	(181,950)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	1,309,301	1,529,994
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	9,686,517	8,156,523
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$10,995,818	\$ 9,686,517
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		
Contributions - employer	\$ 616,651	\$ 410,213
Net investment income	748,339	891,549
Benefit payments	(242,988)	(181,950)
Administrative expense	(5,020)	(4,504)
Other Expense	(12,420)	
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	1,104,562	1,115,308
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	9,387,541	8,272,233
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$10,492,103	\$ 9,387,541
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 503,715	\$298,976
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	95.4%	96.9%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 5,135,869	\$ 4,743,224
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.81%	6.30%

Notes to Schedule:

Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended June 30, 2019 Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Schedule of Plan Contributions - OPEB

Fiscal Year	2018-19	2017-18
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 615,957 (615,957) \$ -	\$ 596,625 (596,625) \$ -
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$5,135,869	\$5,679,646
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	11.99%	10.5%

Notes to Schedule:

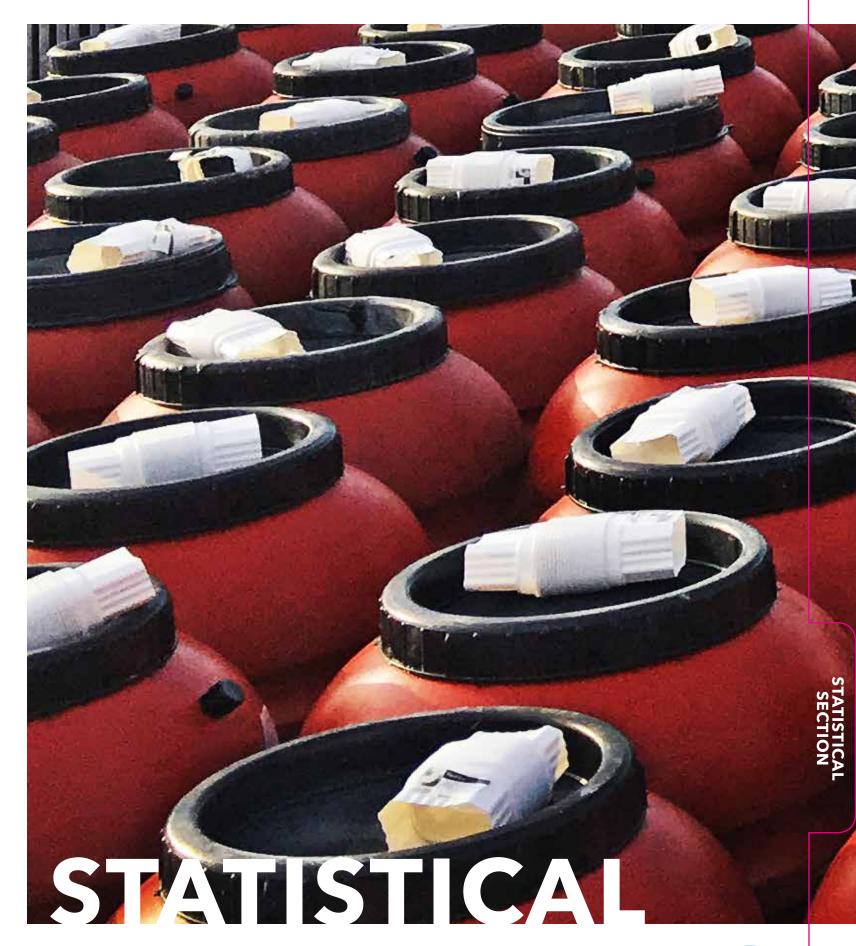
Actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2019 were from the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost, level percent of pay
Amortization Method/Period	Level percent of payroll over a closed rolling 15-year period
Asset Valuation Method	Market value of assets
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.25% per year, used only to allocate the cost of benefits between service years
Investment Rate of Return	7.10% per annum. Assumes investing in California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust asset allocation Strategy 1
Health care-trend rates	8.5% in 2018 to 5% in steps of 0.5%
Retirement Age	50 to 75 years
Mortality	Per-retirement mortality probability based on 2014 CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study covering CalPERS participants. Post-retirement mortality probability based on CalPERS Experience Study 2007-2011 covering participants in CalPERS.

^{*}Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB75 is applicable.

Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.





FY2019 COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT





WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of West Basin's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about West Basin's overall financial health.

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These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how West l performance has changed over time.	Basin's financia
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WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT TABLE 1: NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Net Investment In Capital Assets	Unrestricted	Total Net Position	<u>n</u>
	(1)		(1)	
2010	\$138,496	\$55,514	\$194,010	(2)
2011	142,314	58,122	200,436	(3)
2012	152,042	62,585	214,627	
2013	174,081	54,470	228,551	
2014	175,455	64,098	239,553	(4)
2015	155,923	75,248	231,171	(5)
2016	175,437	59,146	234,583	
2017	180,967	74,686	255,653	
2018	197,595	72,835	270,430	(6)
2019	224,356	60,335	284,691	

- (1) In Fiscal Year 2013, West Basin adopted GASB No. 63, which reflects the name change on this table.
- (2) Fiscal Year 2010 Beginning Net Position was restated for two reasons: (1)There was a deduction of \$3.6M in the Construction-In-Progress account due to less contribution from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and (2) Per GASB No. 53, the fair value of \$15.7M nonhedged swap at the end of the Fiscal Year 2009 was required to be recorded in Fiscal Year 2010.
- (3) Fiscal Year 2011 Beginning Net Position was restated in Fiscal Year 2012 to reflect the deduction of \$1.2M in the Construction-In-Progress account from Fiscal Year 2008.
- (4) In Fiscal Year 2014, West Basin adopted GASB No. 65, resulting in a prior year adjustment of \$3.5M to write off all bond issuance costs.
- (5) Fiscal Year 2015 beginning Net Position was restated for two reasons: (1) Due to the implementation of GASB No. 68, a prior year adjustment of \$0.9M liability was recorded and; (2) Due to the internal review of the capital asset accounts, a prior year adjustment of \$9.2M was made to reduce capital assets account no longer in service.
- (6) Fiscal Year 2018 Beginning Net Position was restated due to the implementation of GASB No. 75; the Beginning Net Position was increased by \$525,823.

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT TABLE 2: CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

	O _I	perating Revenue ((Loss)		Nonoperating Revenue (Loss)								
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Operating Revenues	Operating Expenses	Operating Revenue (Loss)	Standby Charges	Investment Income	Realized Gain (Swap Termination)	Grant Income Misc. Inc (Exp) Loss on Disposal	Interest Expense	Change in Fair Value of Swap (Nonhedged)	Total Nonoperating Revenue (Loss)	Income (Loss) Before Contributions	Capital Contributions	Change in Net Position
	(1)	(2)			(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)			(8)	
2010	\$130,623	\$138,786	(\$8,163)	\$9,679	\$1,426	\$ -	(\$808)	(\$12,498)	\$5,702	\$3,501	(\$4,662)	\$15,319	\$10,657
2011	134,352	144,604	(10,252)	9,899	1,216	-	567	(12,038)	5,033	4,675	(5,577)	13,196	7,619
2012	146,147	147,932	(1,785)	9,632	1,323	4,916	546	(11,002)	-	5,413	3,631	10,560	14,191
2013	164,216	162,390	1,826	9,805	2,872	-	100	(9,209)	-	3,566	5,395	8,528	13,923
2014	179,224	180,710	(1,486)	9,683	234	-	272	(10,651)	-	(462)	(1,948)	16,447	14,499
2015	178,584	183,273	(4,689)	9,741	295	-	(122)	(11,139)	-	(1,225)	(5,914)	7,663	1,749
2016	177,192	177,763	(571)	9,655	506	-	(3,632)	(9,859)	-	(3,330)	(3,901)	7,302	3,401
2017	191,123	185,573	5,550	9,614	458	-	2,137	(8,161)	713	4,762	10,313	10,758	21,071
2018	204,923	193,347	11,576	10,038	848	-	(3,508)	(11,418)	806	(3,234)	8,342	5,909	14,251
2019	209,132	201,498	7,634	10,030	1,819	-	826	(10,860)	(96)	1,719	9,353	4,908	14,261

- (1) Further detail is shown on Table 3 "Operating Revenues by Source".
- (2) Further detail is shown on Table 4 "Operating Expenses by Source".
- (3) In Fiscal Year 2013, West Basin sold a \$12.1M guaranteed investment contract (GIC) investment for the 2003A Refunding Revenue Certificates of Participation debt service reserve fund and realized a gain of \$2.0M. In Fiscal Year 2019, Investment Income increased due to increases in interest rates and the duration of the investments.
- (4) In Fiscal Year 2012, one interest rate swap was terminated resulting in a \$4.9M realized gain.
- (5) The District recognized \$3.8M, \$1.6M and \$4.0 loss from disposition of capital assets in Fiscal Year 2016, 2017 and 2018, respectively. Also in Fiscal Year 2017, the District wrote-off a \$3.6M liability, this resulted in \$36.M of miscellaneous revenue.
- (6) The interest expense declined in Fiscal Year 2012 and 2013 due to refunding of the 2003A Refunding Revenue Certificates of Participation.
- (7) In Fiscal Year 2010, 2011, 2017, 2018 and 2019, per GASB No. 53, the interest rate swap agreements did not conform to the hedge accounting criteria referred to as investment derivatives. The changes in fair value associated with investment derivative are reported as a gain or loss in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.
- (8) Further detail is shown on Table 5 "Capital Contributions by Source" with explanations of the nature of these contributions.

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT TABLE 3: OPERATING REVENUES BY SOURCE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

		Water Sales			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Water and Monitoring	Water Recycling	Desalting	Conservation	Total
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
2010	\$101,365	\$28,012	\$334	\$912	\$130,623
2011	106,427	26,382	802	741	134,352
2012	114,974	29,258	1,074	841	146,147
2013	129,607	32,629	879	1,101	164,216
2014	135,310	42,151	790	973	179,224
2015	136,762	40,386	700	736	178,584
2016	136,338	39,539	815	500	177,192
2017	145,048	45,401	281	393	191,123
2018	155,312	49,444	76	91	204,923
2019	162,280	46,518	268	66	209,132

- (1) Includes non-interruptible, seawater barrier, and Capacity Charge (CC). In Fiscal Year 2015, the monitoring revenues were grouped within this line item.
- (2) Includes recycled sales and incentives from Metropolitan Water District of Southern California Local Resource Programs (LRP) which offers \$250 incentive per acre-foot of the recycled water sold. Explanation of the fluctuations in recycled water sales is on Table 10 "Recycled Water Sales in Acre-Feet".
- (3) Includes desalting water sales and incentives from Metropolitan Water District of Southern California Groundwater Recovery Program (GRP) which offers \$250 incentive per acre-foot of the desalting water sold. This incentive ended in Fiscal Year 2013. Sales were down in 2017, 2018 and 2019 due to the facility being shut down for major repairs.
- (4) Monitoring revenue was grouped with Conservation in the prior years. In Fiscal Year 2015, it was reclassed to group with water revenue.

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT TABLE 4: OPERATING EXPENSES BY SOURCE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Source of Supply & Monitoring	Water Recycling Costs	Desalting Operations	Public Information and Education	Water Policy and Conservation	Project Planning	Depreciation and Amortization	Total Operating Expenses
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
2010	\$92,276	\$23,477	\$551	\$4,360	\$1,044	\$ -	\$17,078	\$138,786
2011	94,855	25,277	668	4,643	893	-	18,268	144,604
2012	99,019	23,595	901	4,940	1,194	-	18,283	147,932
2013	110,530	27,103	892	4,731	1,612	-	17,522	162,390
2014	118,117	32,683	811	6,004	2,302	-	20,793	180,710
2015	116,723	34,512	870	2,906	3,163	-	25,099	183,273
2016	114,271	32,770	881	2,477	2,436	-	24,928	177,763
2017	118,289	35,651	592	2,754	3,001	-	25,286	185,573
2018	125,745	34,828	475	3,201	3,257	653	25,188	193,347
2019	132,387	37,576	774	2,988	2,784	1,343	23,646	201,498

- (1) Includes water purchases from Metropolitan Water District of Southern California, Capacity Charges, and Readiness-to-Serve. MWD increases are passed on to West Basin customers. Explanation of the fluctuations in source of supply is on Table 8 "All Water Delivered in Acre-Feet". In Fiscal Year 2015, monitoring program costs were added to this line item.
- (2) Represents West Basin's costs to operate and maintain its recycling facilities.
- (3) Represents West Basin's costs to operate and maintain its brackish desalting facility.
- (4) The fluctuation in Fiscal Year 2014 was the result of organizational restructuring. In Fiscal Year 2015, monitoring expense was reclassed to be grouped with source of supply.
- (5) New category added in Fiscal Year 2018 to capture costs such as district wide planning and cancelled construction projects. In Fiscal Year 2019 West Basin entered into a partnership with the City of Los Angeles Hyperion Reclamation Plant and the Los Angeles County Sanitation District and contributed \$1 million towards a mutually benefitting project.
- (6) Fiscal Year 2016 to 2019 amounts only represent depreciation expenses, amortization expenses are included in Interest Expense.

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT TABLE 5: CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS BY SOURCE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Recycling Operations	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers	California Department of Water Resources	Other	Total
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
2010	\$7,172	\$7,572	\$126	\$449	\$15,319
2011	6,887	4,628	1,239	442	13,196
2012	7,241	2,398	94	827	10,560
2013	7,360	-	-	1,168	8,528
2014	7,296	-	-	9,151	16,447
2015	7,240	-	-	423	7,663
2016	7,156	-	6	140	7,302
2017	7,075	1,641	720	1,322	10,758
2018	5,909	-	-	-	5,909
2019	4,805	-	66	37	4,908

- (1) West Basin receives fixed payments from major recycled water customers based on contract terms. The capital costs of recycled water facilities are intended to cover the capital construction. Certain fixed payments will continue to Fiscal Year 2025, or until the existing contracts expire.
- (2) U.S. Army Corps of Engineers contributed up to 75% of the construction cost related to the Harbor-South Bay Water Recycling Project. To date, the total contributions received was \$35M.
- (3) West Basin received grants from the California Department of Water Resources to assist with the design and construction of the expansion to the Edward C. Little Water Recycling Facility as well as seawater desalination projects.
- (4) West Basin received contributions from other agencies such as Los Angeles Department of Water & Power, Marathon (formerly Tesoro), Southern California Edison (SCE), and Metropolitan Water District of Southern California. In Fiscal Year 2014, West Basin received a capital reimbursement of \$8.3M from NRG for the facilities and pipelines built to meet their recycled water demand.

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT **TABLE 6: PAYORS - POTABLE WATER SALES**

For the Current Year and Nine Years Prior (In Thousands)

Tables below show potable water sales to principal customers of West Basin (excluding the Meter Charges, Capacity Charges and Late Penalties)

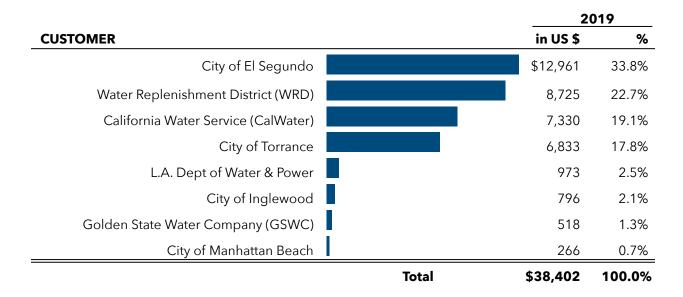
		2	019
CUSTOMER		in US \$	%
California Water Service (CalWater)		\$74,262	47.7%
Golden State Water Company (GSWC)		32,521	20.9%
Los Angeles County Water Works (LA County)		10,716	6.9%
City of Inglewood		10,346	6.6%
City of El Segundo		10,113	6.5%
Water Replenishment District (WRD)		7,516	4.8%
City of Manhattan Beach		6,245	4.0%
City of Lomita		2,080	1.3%
California American Water Company (CAWC)		1,951	1.3%
	Total	\$155,750	100.0%

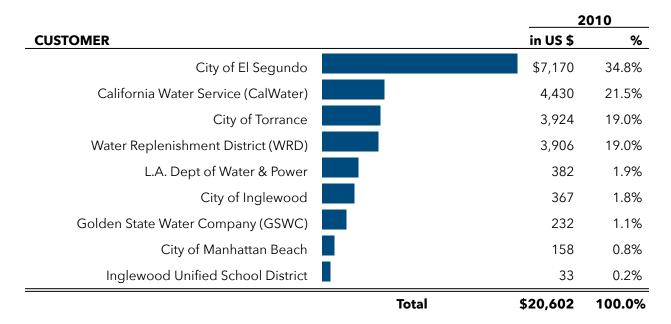
		2	010
CUSTOMER		in US \$	%
California Water Service (CalWater)		\$48,702	49.1%
Golden State Water Company (GSWC)		13,313	13.4%
Water Replenishment District (WRD)		10,722	10.8%
Los Angeles County Water Works (LA County)		8,695	8.8%
City of El Segundo		7,121	7.2%
City of Inglewood		5,353	5.4%
City of Manhattan Beach		2,702	2.7%
City of Lomita		1,872	1.9%
California American Water Company (CAWC)		677	0.7%
	Total	\$99,157	100.0%

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT TABLE 7: PAYORS - RECYCLED WATER SALES

For the Current Year and Nine Years Prior (In Thousands)

Tables below show recycled water sales to principal customers of West Basin (excluding LRP rebate)





WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT **TABLE 8: ALL WATER DELIVERED IN ACRE-FEET**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

This table presents a summary of imported water purchases by the retail agencies from Metropolitan Water District of Southern California (MWD) through West Basin, desalted water delivered to California Water Service Company Dominguez by West Basin, recycled water delivered to the retail agencies by West Basin and groundwater pumped by retail agencies from the West Coast Basin for the last ten fiscal years.

		Potable	e Water				
Fiscal Yea Ended June 30	ar Non- Interruptible	Ground- water	Saltwater Barrier	Total Potable Water	Recycled	Desalting	All Water Deliveries
	(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)	(5)	
2010	108,261	44,405	13,054	165,720	30,680	285	196,685
2011	102,611	44,215	13,534	160,360	26,419	882	187,661
2012	105,309	38,152	8,057	151,518	27,659	958	180,135
2013	108,550	43,303	11,320	163,173	29,962	825	193,960
2014	111,659	42,294	9,285	163,238	36,720	817	200,775
2015	105,540	39,096	7,354	151,990	35,251	690	187,931
2016	103,638	31,635	3,681	138,954	35,003	779	174,736
2017	103,333	27,642	6,563	137,538	36,330	284	174,151
2018	106,601	33,917	7,740	148,257	37,060	50	185,367
2019	108,365	27,569	8,674	144,608	33,192	238	178,038

- (1) The decline in non-interruptible potable sales between Fiscal Year 2015 and 2017 is the result of a statewide mandate to reduce consumption due to the prolonged drought.
- (2) Groundwater does not represent water deliveries of West Basin. This information is included in the table above only for analysis. West Basin's deliveries of non-interruptible and saltwater barrier water are affected by the amount of groundwater pumped.
- (3) Saltwater Barrier sales are affected by fluctuations in recycled water sales and repairs performed by Los Angeles County.
- (4) In Fiscal Year 2011 to 2013, recycled water sales fluctuated due to poor source water and other operational constraints. In Fiscal Year 2014, recycled water sales increased due to the completion of the Phase V construction project. The decrease in Fiscal Year 2015 was due to rehabilitation of the biofors and reduced capacity at one of the refineries. The decrease in Fiscal Year 2019 was due to the major repair work that was done by the LA County Sanitation District that interrupted sales to the barrier.
- (5) The Desalting operation was shut down during portions of Fiscal Year 2017 to 2019 due to major rehabilitations.

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT TABLE 9: ALL WATER SALES TO CUSTOMERS IN ACRE-FEET

Last Ten Fiscal Years

The following table presents a summary of all water sales by West Basin to each retail agency for the last ten fiscal years. Water sales include desalted, non-interruptible, recycled, and seawater barrier.

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
California Water Service (CalWater)	65,422	61,127	62,797	65,185	70,679	70,361	57,367	58,216	60,431	60,213
Water Replenishment District (WRD) (1)	20,851	20,854	14,587	23,679	21,657	19,757	17,358	19,577	20,788	18,412
City of El Segundo	19,666	16,522	17,848	17,144	16,681	17,387	16,782	16,482	16,335	17,078
Golden State Water Company (GSWC)	16,634	16,352	15,399	11,637	16,516	12,622	25,791	24,272	21,830	24,211
Los Angeles County Water Works (LA County)	8,750	8,331	8,802	9,234	10,090	9,182	7,932	8,414	8,809	7,839
City of Inglewood	7,173	7,545	8,327	9,021	9,028	8,174	7,458	7,127	8,117	8,261
City of Torrance	6,445	5,785	6,352	6,634	6,529	5,270	4,012	5,037	6,685	5,887
City of Lomita	2,290	2,096	2,336	2,275	1,788	1,463	1,374	1,549	1,416	1,520
City of Manhattan Beach	3,565	3,359	3,757	3,863	3,849	3,496	3,738	4,582	4,788	4,794
California American Water Company (CAWC)	809	712	902	1,019	667	238	415	428	1,397	1,426
L.A. Dept of Water & Power	619	763	876	966	998	886	874	825	855	829
Inglewood Unified School District	56		<u> </u>		<u> </u>					<u> </u>
Total (2)	152,280	143,446	141,983	150,657	158,482	148,836	143,101	146,509	151,451	150,469

⁽¹⁾ Sales decreased due to well & pipeline repairs in Fiscal Year 2012, 2016 and 2019.

⁽²⁾ Overall sales decreased from Fiscal Year 2011 to 2012 and again in Fiscal Year 2015 and 2016 due to local residents' response towards conservation/water efficiency programs to address drought conditions.

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT TABLE 10: RECYCLED WATER SALES IN ACRE-FEET

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table below shows recycled water accounts and sales for the last ten fiscal years identified by the four largest purchasers and others.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Number of Accounts			Marathon Refinery	Total Refineries		Disinfected Tertiary	Total
		(1)	(1)	(1)	(2)	(3)		
2010	340	8,492	6,146	4,708	19,346	7,797	3,537	30,680
2011	359	6,163	5,538	3,973	15,674	7,320	3,425	26,419
2012	376	6,397	6,060	5,019	17,476	6,530	3,653	27,659
2013	390	7,146	6,348	5,208	18,702	6,622	4,638	29,962
2014	394	7,891	6,167	5,572	19,630	12,372	4,718	36,720
2015	404	8,635	4,887 (4	5,024	18,546	12,403	4,302	35,251
2016	424	8,290	3,596 (4	5,183	17,071	13,677	4,256	35,004
2017	436	8,978	4,725	5,571	19,274	13,014	4,043	36,331
2018	475	8,454	6,231	4,751	19,436	13,047	4,577	37,060
2019	434	9,061	5,532	4,803	19,396	9,738	4,059	33,193

- (1) Chevron refinery is located in the city of El Segundo, Torrance Refining Company (formerly Exxon Mobil Refinery) is located in Torrance, and Marathon/Tesoro (Formerly BP Amoco) is located in Carson.
- (2) Recycled Water Sales include deliveries to refineries for nitrification, low and high pressure boiler feed. In Fiscal Year 2011, sales to all refineries were decreased due to water quality issues.
- (3) Recycled water sales decreased in Fiscal Year 2010 to 2013 due to poor source water quality. In Fiscal Year 2014, sales increased due to the completion of the Phase V project. Sales decreased in Fiscal Year 2019 due to repair work done by LA County Sanitation District that impacted the barrier.
- (4) Sales to the Torrance Refining Company decreased in Fiscal Year 2015 and 2016 due to refurbishment of the biofors.

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WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT **TABLE 11: AVERAGE WATER RATES PER ACRE-FOOT**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Type of Water	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Purchased from M	1WD (1)									
Non-interruptible	\$773	\$898	\$994	\$1,063	\$1,132	\$1,188	\$1,242	\$1,301	\$1,343	\$1,370
Saltwater Barrier	773	898	994	1,063	1,132	1,188	1,242	1,301	1,343	1,370
Seasonal Storage - LT	547	645	721	865	-	-	-	-	-	
West Basin Recyc	led Wate	er (2)								
Recycled - Disinfected Tertiary	\$600	\$686	\$775	\$840	\$908	\$955	\$1,005	\$1,069	\$1,105	\$1,151
Recycled - Disinfected Tertiary OSA	642	728	817	882	950	997	1,047	1,111	1,147	1,193
Recycled - Barrier	501	540	553	565	578	586	605	618	836	896
Recycled - Low Pressure Boiler Feed	913	914	1,003	1,068	1,136	1,183	1,233	1,297	1,333	1,379
Recycled - High Pressure Boiler Feed	1,195	1,270	1,359	1,424	1,492	1,539	1,589	1,653	1,689	1,735
Recycled - Nitrified	577	666	755	820	888	935	985	1,049	1,085	1,131
West Basin Desal	ting Pla	nt (3)								
Desalted Water	\$723	\$746	\$792	\$840	\$978	\$1,019	\$1,048	\$1,078	\$1,106	\$1,133

West Basin adopts its water rates annually by resolution.

⁽¹⁾ MWD Water rates are comprised of three components: Metropolitan Water District of Southern California (MWD) commodity charge, West Basin's reliability service charge, and the Readiness-to-Serve (RTS) Charge. The rates presented above represent the average rates for the period due to MWD changing its rates effective January 1st each year. In December 2012, MWD discontinued the Long-Term (LT) Seasonal Storage Program.

⁽²⁾ West Basin Recycled Water Rates exclude MWD's Local Resources Program incentive of \$250 per acre-foot of recycled water sold. For Disinfected Tertiary water sales within and outside West Basin's service area, rate decreases as the volume of recycled water purchases increases. Rates shown above are for purchases of 0 - 25 AF per month.

⁽³⁾ West Basin Desalting Plant Rates exclude MWD's Groundwater Recovery Program incentive of \$250 per acre-foot of desalting water sold. This incentive ended in Fiscal Year 2013.

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT TABLE 12: IMPORTED WATER RATES

For The Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2019

Tables below delineate the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2019 water rates for West Basin and Metropolitan Water District of Southern California (MWD).

	MWD	Readiness-to- Serve Charge	West Basin Reliability Service Charge	Total
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018			(1)	
July 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017				
Non-Interruptible & Barrier (Tier 1)	\$979	\$116	\$237	\$1,332
Non-Interruptible & Barrier (Tier 2)	1,073	116	237	1,426
January 1, 2018 to June 30, 2018				
Non-Interruptible & Barrier (Tier 1)	\$1,015	\$102	\$237	\$1,354
Non-Interruptible & Barrier (Tier 2)	1,101	102	237	1,440
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019				
July 1, 2018 to December 31, 2018				
Non-Interruptible & Barrier (Tier 1)	\$1,015	\$102	\$237	\$1,354
Non-Interruptible & Barrier (Tier 2)	1,101	102	237	1,440
January 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019				
Non-Interruptible & Barrier (Tier 1)	\$1,050	\$98	\$237	\$1,385
Non-Interruptible & Barrier (Tier 2)	1,136	98	237	1,471

⁽¹⁾ Reliability Service Charge does not increase due to West Basin adopted a new Fixed Service Charge.

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT TABLE 13: OUTSTANDING DEBT TO CAPITAL ASSETS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

Table below provides an overview of the ratio of the total capital assets to debt outstanding as of fiscal year-end. Total long-term (LT) debt includes certificates of participation, state loan and refunding revenue bonds.

		TOTAL DEBT					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Certificates of Participation & Revenue Bonds	State Loan	Total LT	Capitalized Assets	Construction- in-Progress	Total Capital Assets	Total Debt/ Capital Assets
(1)				(2)	(3)		
2010	\$294,395	\$1,743	\$296,138	\$496,722	\$39,395	\$536,117	0.55
2011	300,050	1,440	301,490	507,066	59,081	566,147	0.53
2012	327,023	-	327,023	520,501	103,279	623,780	0.52
2013	338,686	-	338,686	527,816	135,530	663,346	0.51
2014	329,755	-	329,755	590,272	63,152	653,424	0.50
2015	312,682	-	312,682	590,732	75,144	665,876	0.47
2016	295,831	-	295,831	599,282	79,015	678,297	0.44
2017	292,377	-	292,377	611,438	88,061	699,499	0.42
2018	279,300	-	279,300	610,271	109,785	720,056	0.39
2019	265,972	-	265,972	617,574	132,592	750,166	0.35

⁽¹⁾ Beginning with Fiscal Year 2012, premiums on outstanding revenue bonds and certificates of participation have been included in the outstanding debt along with the outstanding principal balances.

⁽²⁾ See details at "General Operating Information".

⁽³⁾ Amounts include all of West Basin's Construction-in-Progress projects.

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT TABLE 14: DEBT PER CAPITA

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table below provides an overview of the ratio of the total debt outstanding as compared to West Basin's service area total population as of fiscal year-end.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30			Debt Per Capita	
	(1)			
2010	\$296,138,000	853,377	\$347	
2011	301,490,000	857,545	352	
2012	327,023,000	861,545	380	
2013	338,686,000	865,882	391	
2014	329,755,000	870,219	379	
2015	312,682,000	874,219	358	
2016	295,831,000	877,798	337	
2017	292,377,000	881,392	332	
2018	279,300,000	885,001	316	
2019	265,972,000	885,000	301	

⁽¹⁾ Numbers are rounded to the nearest thousand.

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT **TABLE 15: ANNUAL DEBT PAYMENTS TO EXPENSES**

Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal Payments	Interest Payments	Total Debt Payment	Operating Expenses	Ratio Debt/ Expenses
	(1)	(1)	(2)		
2010	\$9,298	\$12,773	\$22,071	\$138,786	0.16
2011	10,448	11,989	22,437	144,604	0.16
2012	86,072	10,317	96,389	147,932	0.65
2013	12,410	8,612	21,022	162,390	0.13
2014	5,760	10,478	16,238	180,710	0.09
2015	15,592	13,569	29,161	183,273	0.16
2016	15,370	13,031	28,401	177,763	0.16
2017	36,599	12,120	48,719	185,573	0.26
2018	10,610	12,739	23,349	193,347	0.12
2019	11,000	12,161	23,161	201,498	0.11

⁽¹⁾ Data obtained from the Statement of Cash Flows. Principal payments were high in Fiscal Year 2012 and 2017 due to the refundings.

⁽²⁾ In Fiscal Year 2014, the Debt Payment decreased due to refunding of the 2003A Refunding Revenue Certificates of Participation.

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT **TABLE 16: STANDBY CHARGE** AND CAPITAL FIXED PAYMENTS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

Standby Charges and Capital Fixed Payments are both revenues to West Basin. West Basin uses them to pay the debts incurred for the constructions and improvements of its recycled water facilities. For the past ten years, majority of West Basin's bonds were issued to finance the recycled water projects. The table below shows the information on these revenues as compared to debt service.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Standby Charge	Capital Fixed Payments	Total	Debt Payment Cash Basis	% of Debt Service
	(1)	(2)		(3)	
2010	\$9,679	\$7,172	\$16,851	\$22,071	76%
2011	9,899	6,887	16,786	22,437	75%
2012	9,632	7,241	16,873	96,389	18%
2013	9,805	7,360	17,165	21,022	82%
2014	9,683	7,296	16,979	16,238	105%
2015	9,741	7,240	16,981	29,161	58%
2016	9,655	7,156	16,811	28,401	59%
2017	9,614	7,075	16,689	48,719	34%
2018	10,038	5,909	15,947	23,349	68%
2019	10,030	4,908	14,938	23,161	64%

- (1) Considered for approval annually by the Board, the Standby Charge is imposed by West Basin on land owners within its service area. The charge is collected by means of the property owner's tax bill through the County of Los Angeles. The Standby Charge was designed to help drought-proof the area through construction of recycled water distribution and treatment facilities. The Standby Charge was adopted by the Board from Fiscal Year 2010 to 2019.
- (2) Capital Fixed Payments are paid by Marathon (formerly Tesoro), Chevron, Torrance Refining Company, and Los Angeles Department of Water and Power and are used to repay the cost of the treatment and distribution facilities that were constructed for delivery of recycled water to these entities. Amounts are based on contractual terms. These fixed revenues are reported as Capital Contribution in the basic financial statements, see Table 5 - "Capital Contribution By Source".
- (3) During Fiscal Year 2013, West Basin refunded its 2003A Refunding Revenue Certificates of Participation which resulted in a lower debt payment in Fiscal Year 2014. Breakdown is shown on Table 15 - "Annual Debt Service to Expenses".

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT **TABLE 17: DEBT COVERAGE**

Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands, Except For Debt Coverage)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Changes in Net Position (1)	\$10,657	\$7,619	\$14,191	\$13,923	\$14,499	\$1,749	\$3,401	\$21,071	14,251	\$14,261
Add: Interest Expense	12,498	12,038	11,002	9,209	10,651	11,139	9,859	8,161	11,418	10,860
Add: Depreciation/Amortization	17,078	18,268	18,283	17,522	20,793	25,099	24,928	25,286	25,188	23,646
Less: Non-cash items (2)	(11,579)	(9,109)	(6,805)	(133)	(550)	764	3,652	(936)	3,436	(308)
Net Revenues for Coverage	\$28,654	\$28,816	\$36,671	\$40,521	\$45,393	\$38,751	\$41,840	\$53,582	\$54,293	\$48,459
Parity Debt Service (3)	16,078	16,517	16,115	17,790	17,205	17,695	13,646	17,821	19,422	22,912
Reserve Fund Earnings	(762)	(762)	(763)	(681)	170	(1)	(2)	(6)	(9)	(14)
Total Net Senior Debt Service	\$15,316	\$15,755	\$15,352	\$17,109	\$17,375	\$17,694	\$13,644	17,815	19,413	22,898
Debt Coverage	1.82	1.78	2.34	2.33	2.62	2.19	3.07	3.01	2.80	2.12
Subordinate Debt Service (3)	7,624	7,968	8,817	9,056	8,993	9,017	9,058	5,774	4,120	460
Reserve Fund Earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1)	(1)
Total Net Subordinate Debt Service	\$7,624	\$7,968	\$8,817	\$9,056	\$8,993	\$9,017	\$9,058	\$5,774	\$4,119	\$459
Debt Coverage	1.66	1.54	2.33	<u>2.51</u>	<u>3.13</u>	2.34	<u>3.11</u>	6.19	<u>8.47</u>	55.66
All-In Debt Coverage	1.26	1.22	1.52	1.55	1.73	1.45	1.84	2.27	2.31	2.07
Cash Available for Additional Subordinate Debt Service, Capital Projects and Other Purposes	\$5,714	\$5,093	\$12,502	\$14,356	\$19,025	\$12,040	\$19,138	\$29,993	\$30,761	\$25,102

⁽¹⁾ See Table 2 - "Changes in Net Position" for more detail.

⁽²⁾ Non-cash items represent grant funding from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineer, unrealized gains/losses, change in fair value of swap instruments, loss on disposition of assets, and nonroutine litigation settlements.

⁽³⁾ In Fiscal Year 2012, parity and subordinate debt service was reduced by capitalized interest.

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT TABLE 18: TEN LARGEST EMPLOYERS WITHIN WEST BASIN SERVICE AREA

Calendar Year 2018 And Nine Years Prior

Employer	2018 Number of Employees	Rank	2009 Number of Employees	Rank
	(1)		<u> </u>	
Northrop Grumman Corporation	8,195	1	5,827	3
Space Exploration Technologies	5,352	2	0	10
Raytheon Company	5,189	3	8,386	1
Sony Pictures Entertainment	3,000	4	2,020	6
Northrop Grumman Corporation	2,960	5	5,901	2
Boeing Satellite Systems Inc.	2,959	6	4,571	4
Aerospace Corporation	2,711	7	2,991	5
Accenture	1,685	8	597	9
Mattel, Inc.	1,674	9	1,625	7
Westfield Shoppingtown-Fox Hills	1,550	10	1,500	8
Total Employment Within West Basi	n's Service Area(2):	Not A	wailable
Percentage of Each Employer of Tot Within West Basin Service Area (2):	, ,		Not A	wailable

⁽¹⁾ Most current available data.

⁽²⁾ West Basin service area includes 17 cities and part of unincorporated coastal Los Angeles County. The total employment within our service area is not available therefore West Basin can not provide each employer's percentage of the total employment.

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT **TABLE 19: POPULATION AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS**

Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	West Basin Population	LA County Population	Personal Income (In Thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate
	(1)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(3)
2010	853,377	9,826,773	\$424,813,015	\$43,234	12.5%
2011	857,545	9,889,056	454,935,533	45,969	12.2%
2012	861,545	9,951,690	486,733,508	48,818	10.9%
2013	865,882	10,017,068	483,578,594	48,140	9.8%
2014	870,219	10,069,036	512,846,779	50,730	8.2%
2015	874,219	10,170,292	544,324,900	53,521	6.6%
2016	877,798	10,137,915	563,907,868	55,624	5.3%
2017	870,000	-	-	-	4.7%
2018	885,001	-	-	-	-
2019	885,000	-	-	-	-

⁽¹⁾ Data obtained from Water Policy and Resource Development Department.

⁽²⁾ Data obtained from the Bureau of Economic Analysis. Other information for Calendar year 2017through 2019 is not available.

⁽³⁾ Data obtained from the State of California Employment Development Department for Los Angeles County.

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT DEMOGRAPHICS

Service Area

Estimated Total Population Served

885,000

Area

185 square miles

Division I - Represented by Harold C. Williams

Palos Verdes Estates, Rancho Palos Verdes, Rolling Hills Estates, Rolling Hills and Carson

Division II - Represented by Director Gloria D. Gray

Inglewood, South Ladera Heights, a portion of Lennox, Athens, Howard and Ross-Sexton

Division III - Represented by Director Carol W. Kwan

Hermosa Beach, Lomita, Manhattan Beach, Redondo Beach and a portion of Torrance

Division IV - Represented by Director Scott Houston

Culver City, Del Aire, El Segundo, Malibu, North Ladera Heights, Topanga, View Park, West

Hollywood, Windsor Hills and a portion of Lennox

Division V - Represented by Director Donald L. Dear

Gardena, Hawthorne, Lawndale and El Camino Village

Customers

Number of Direct Customers

11

West Basin's direct customers are comprised of cities and retail water agencies that purchase potable non-interruptible water and recycled water for further sales to the end-user or use in the seawater barrier.

Annual Water Deliveries

Potable Water (including desalting)

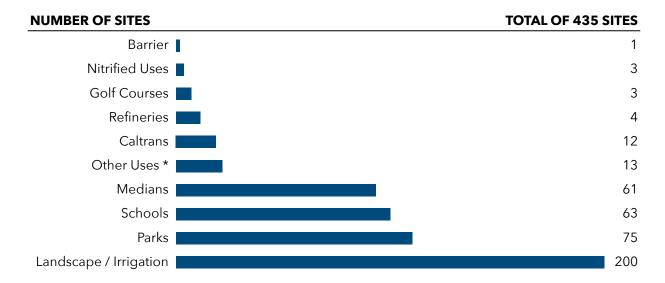
117,277 acre-feet

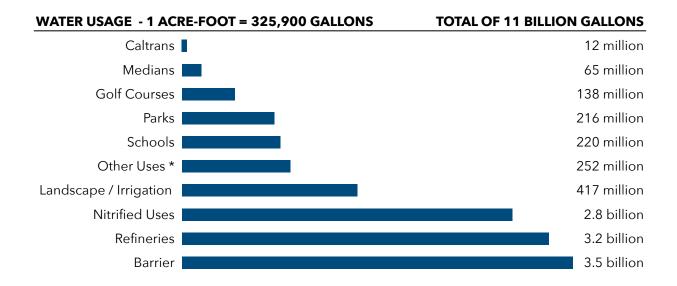
Recycled Water

33,192 acre-feet

WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER USERS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019







WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT GENERAL OPERATING INFORMATION

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NUMBER OF BUDGETED FULL-TIME PERSONNEL

2010	34
2011	36
2012	36
2013	36
2014	40
2015	41
2016	43
2017	49
2018	56
2019	56

CERTIFICATIONS AND LICENSES HELD BY DISTRICT EMPLOYEES

Professional Engineer	7
Certified Public Accountant	3
Licensed attorneys	1
Masters Degree	17
Doctorate Degree	1
State Water Certification:	
Distribution Operator	5
Treatment Plant Operator	4
Wastewater Operator	1

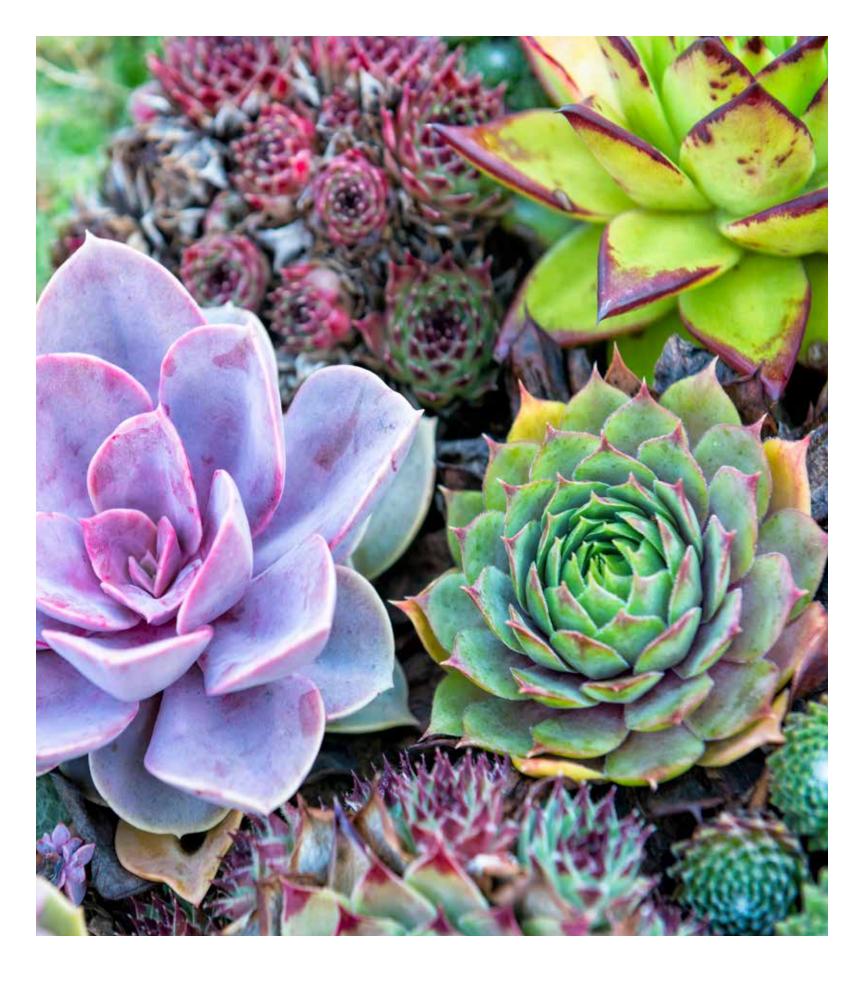
GENERAL OPERATING INFORMATION (CONT)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

CAPITAL ASSETS (IN THOUSANDS)

	Recycling Facilities	Desalting	Machinery & Equipment	Construction- in-Progress	Admin. Facility	West Basin Capital Assets
						(1)
2010	\$486,401	\$3,794	\$2,491	\$39,395	\$4,035	\$536,116
2011	493,065	5,299	3,761	59,081	4,941	566,147
2012	506,311	4,904	3,775	103,279	5,511	623,780
2013	513,437	4,904	3,911	135,530	5,564	663,346
2014	576,537	4,041	3,349	63,152	6,345	653,424
2015	576,941	4,059	3,376	75,144	6,356	665,876
2016	585,211	4,079	3,625	79,015	6,367	678,297
2017	597,046	4,079	3,941	88,061	6,372	699,499
2018	597,661	4,079	2,242	109,785	6,289	720,056
2019	602,250	5,304	3,519	132,592	6,501	750,166

⁽¹⁾ Excludes accumulated depreciation. Total Capital Assets decreased in Fiscal Year 2014 as a result of a prior period adjustment in Fiscal Year 2015 due to the write-off of \$27M of capital assets that were either disposed or no longer in service.





WEST BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT

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